# Ohio High School Athletic Association 2016 Approved FB Officiating Mechanics, Regulations, & Rules Philosophies Handbook

"The Gold Book"



Dr. Bruce Maurer, Director of Officiating Development (DOD)

Beau Rugg, OHSAA Assistant Commissioner

6/7/16

OHSAA Football Officiating Website: WWW.OHSAAFB.COM

"We will chase perfection, and we will chase it relentlessly, knowing all the while we can never attain it. But along the way, we shall catch excellence." Vince Lombardi

### Bruce L. Maurer, Ph.D., OHSAA Director of FB Officials Development (DOD)

Officiated 51 OHSAA FB Games last year —10 varsity; 41 sub varsity. Officiated OHSAA, NCAA & NFL for 44 years including 15 years in the NFL. Officiated 4 positions in the NFL—HL, LJ, BJ and SJ. Officiated 2 NCAA Division I Bowl Games. Taught officiating courses at OSU for 33 years. Officiated the 2008 OHSAA Division I Boys State Basketball Championship Game. Past President of the COFOA & COBOA. Tournament Manager for the OHSAA State Wrestling Tournaments for 37 years. Inducted into the OHSWOA Hall of Fame & the OHSWCA Hall of Fame. Current Editor, NIRSA Flag & Touch Football Rules Book & Officials' Manual. Inducted into the OHSAA Officials Hall of Fame, National FFB Hall of Fame, & USFTL FB Hall of Fame. Email: Bmaurer.38@gmail.com



### **2016 Important Dates for OHSAA FB Officials**

- 1. July 22 (Friday) (10AM): Local Rules & Mechanics Interpreters Clinic (By Invitation Only). Location: TBD.
- 2. July 23 (Sat) (9AM): OHSAA State Football Clinic, Dublin Scioto HS, \$60. Obtain all the latest rules interpretations, mechanics changes, & new information. More information to follow from OHSAA in the near future. Cosponsored by the COFOA.
- 3. July 26 (Tues) (4PM): OHSAA State Rules Interpretation (SRI) Presentation Online begins.
- 4. August 7 (Sunday): OHSAA State Observers Clinic, OHSAA South. Anyone interested in being an observer or sharpening your observation skills? This free interactive clinic is just for you. Contact: John Crispino, <a href="mailto:crispino@prodigy.net">crispino@prodigy.net</a>. More information to follow from the OHSAA.
- 5. August 19 (Friday) (11:59PM): Last Day & Time to use OHSAA SRI Online w/o having to pay a fee.

### **OHSAA.ORG Directions for FB Officiating Forms**

Select Officiating Menu on banner, select Directory of Information, select Sport Specific Forms, and Select FB. Forms include: A. Crew Lineup Cards; B. FB Penalty Report; C. Concussion Report; & D. Observation Report.

### OHSAA Interpreters

Beau Rugg & Bruce Maurer are State Rules Interpreters. Bruce Maurer is State Mechanics Interpreter. Officials should check first with their Local Rules & Mechanics Interpreters before contacting Beau & Bruce. Thank you!

WWW.OHSAAFB.COM

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### Introduction

Greetings!! The 2016 **Gold Book** has been developed to clarify & standardize FB Mechanics & Regulations. The Mechanics are REQUIRED for all OHSAA Football Officials when officiating OHSAA Sanctioned Games. There are <u>NO EXCEPTIONS</u>. We EXPECT the Referee to become & be a Leader in this role. His Primary Responsibility is Crew Mechanics. He must know Gold Book Mechanics thoroughly for each crew position.

It has been 6 years (2010) since we introduced many new mechanics based upon today's contemporary game. It was a challenging first year. Then in 2011 we saw significant improvement. During 2012 we reached a much higher level of excellence. During the State Finals as we observe the Crews, we record Constructive Comments. That number has dropped by 70% over the past 5 years. WOW!! We are doing a much better job of communicating, reading & reacting, & anticipating the play rather than the call. Our judgment was better because we were working harder to get into position to make the call. We expect the 2016 Season will be even better.

Local Associations & Local Mechanics Interpreters play a pivotal role. In order to have a "bridge" from our wonderful Classes & Instructors to the Association, we require all Associations to hold & teach 5 classes for  $\underline{\mathbf{1}}^{\mathrm{st}}$ ,  $2^{\mathrm{nd}}$  year, & transfer officials. Once the Association Meeting has started, these newer officials will move to another room, gym, or FB Field.

We are separating "pretenders" from "contenders". Contenders accept changes in Mechanics. Contenders will work OHSAA State Tournament Games – "pretenders" will NOT or when observed at Games, will not in the future.

The term Primary used in the Gold Book does not mean "sole" responsibility. We are part of a team, the crew, so all officials share their responsibilities. However, Primary implies that the official becomes the "expert" on his Primary Responsibilities & takes Great Pride in his study & knowledge. It is important to have ownership, yet "reach out" for input when needed.

The Gold Book is much better than last year; more detailed & accurate. The result is from listening to all who provided Great Comments. It becomes better each year because of your interest & enthusiasm. It is by no means complete. Suggestions should be emailed to <a href="mailto:bmaurer.38@gmail.com">bmaurer.38@gmail.com</a>. There is a fine line between being complete & too many pages. Throughout the documents we have tried repeatedly to "streamline" the info.

Thank you very much for your amazing enthusiasm, dedicated rules study, & service to the 78,000 student athletes who play OHSAA Football Games. We are truly blessed to be part of something very special!

Beau Rugg, OHSAA Assistant Commissioner & Bruce Maurer, OHSAA DOD -- Football

### The Journey Continues as Our Officiating is Improving!

- 1. **OUR MISSION**: We Will Improve Our Officiating Significantly in 2016 thru the Use of Additional Educational Tools, & the Study & Application of Mechanics & Rules.
- Why It is Working. An email was forwarded to us during the 2015 Season. "Enight was a rough night as nearly every game was postponed due to lightning. That left everyone scrambling for Crews for Sat. On Saturday night I worked with 4 other officials I had never met before. Three of them worked a game that afternoon & were not able to show up until 6:15PM for a 7PM start. There was no time for a pregame. Since we all work from the same GB Mechanics we were able to go work the game & you would have never known we had never worked together? It
- 3. What's Happening in 2016: A Lot!! Some of the many significant Highlights include:
  - A. Gold Book: Two Important documents have been added: 1. Rules Philosophies & Interpretations; 2. Working Effectively with Coaches Cooperation, Not Confrontation. Please spend some time reviewing these important documents. They will make us all better officials this year.
  - B. Gold Book: Our <u>Far Reaching Goal</u> is when an Official arrives on site, he has 3 publications: 1, FB Rules Book; 2. FB Case Book; & 3. Gold Book. Just about every question or challenging situation can be answered in one of these 3. Will the Gold Book have all the answers for 2016? No, but as the Journey Continues we will add these unique situations. Please continue to send them to us.
  - C. <u>WWW.OHSAAFB.COM</u>: Our interscholastic FB website was a resounding success last year as evidenced by the nearly 14,000 visits from officials around the world. The website can be accessed by your tablet, smart phone, & desktop computer. Included this year will be: 1. Gold Book; 2. Gold Book Mechanics by Position; 3. Expanded Rules Index; 4. Recognition Section; 5. 2015 State Regular Season & Playoff Bulletins (Updated with 2016 Mechanics); 6. Ask the DOD/SRI's Q's and A's About Rules, Mechanics, & Philosophy; 7. Weekly Practice Rules Tests; 8. PPT Mechanics Presentations.
  - D. An important PPT has been added to the Website NFHS Penalty Summary & Signals. Developed by Garry Mosier this is a great study & reference tool for learning & refreshing our memories regarding the distance, special enforcements, & appropriate signals to the PB.
  - E. New, Revised & Enhanced Mechanics: These are shaded. There are approximately 17 changes & clarifications from last year. Many of these were suggested by our fellow officials. <u>Please review the Gold Book Mechanics Section thoroughly.</u>
  - F. Mechanics: Detailed HL Instructions to the Line-to-Gain (LTG) Crews has been developed & will be available on the <a href="https://www.ohsaa.com">www.ohsaa.com</a> website.
  - G. Mechanics PPT Presentations: A wonderful "6 Types of Kicking Plays" was developed in 2011 & 5 Non Kick Plays in 2013. They will be updated with changes.
  - H. Practice Rules Tests: the <u>Rules Geek & Your Call</u> will continue this year on <u>WWW.OHSAAFB.COM</u>. Beginning Week 1, officials can take Rules & Mechanics Q's & A's weekly) Great Way to Study.
  - 1. Rules Index: Included in the Gold Book, the Rules Index has 325 listings. Each time someone asked me for a rules clarification I first went to the Index. We added to it. A great tool for all officials.
  - J. Uniform: The 2-1/4" shirt with OHSAA Red Logo is mandatory this year for all varsity games <u>only</u>. The black & white striped jacket may not be worn during varsity games <u>only</u>. Shoes must be predominately black. (6/7/16)

We Hope You & Your Crew Have a Tremendous Football Season. Best Wishes & Good Luck!!!

### Abbreviations: For the Gold Book & Observing

### 6/1/16

	0/	1/10	
	A – Team A	37.	MM – Motion Man
	<b>B</b> – Team B	38.	NZ – Neutral Zone
3.	BB Bean Bag	39.	OKOM - Onside Kick Off Mechanics
	BJ — Back Judge	40.	OOB - Out-of-Bounds
	BWP Backward Pass	41.	OPI - Offensive Pass Interference
	COP - Change of Possession	42.	OT Overtime
	CT - Coin Toss	43.	<b>PB</b> – Press Box
8.	DB - Dead Ball	44.	PC - Play Clock
9.	DBF - Dead Ball Foul	45.	PEQ Player Equipment
	DBS – Dead Ball Spot	46.	PM - Pass Mechanics
	DPI – Defensive Pass Interference	47.	POE - Points of Emphasis
	DQ – Disqualification	48.	POA - Point of Attack
	EL — End Line	49.	PUM - Punt Mechanics
	<b>EZ</b> – End Zone	50,	PS – Previous Spot
	FB – Football	51.	PU - Punt
	FC – Fair Catch	52.	QB Quarterback
	FG - Field Goal	53.	R – Referee
	FGM - Field Goal Mechanics	54.	RA – Restricted Area
	FP - Forward Pass	55.	RB – Running Back
	FWP - Forward Progress	56.	RFP - Ready for Play
	GC – Game Clock	57.	RM – Reverse Mechanics
	GL – Goal Line	58,	R&R - Read & React
	GLM – Goal Line Mechanics	59,	RT – Receiving Team
	GP – Goal Post	60,	RUM - Run Mechanics
	H – Holder	61.	SL - Sideline
	HC - Head Coach	62.	SLW – Sideline Warning
	HL - Head Linesman	63.	SS – Succeeding Spot
	HM - Hash Mark	64.	<b>SZ</b> – Side Zone
	HT - Home Team	65.	<b>TB</b> – Touchback
	IP - Initial Position	66.	TFM - Third & Fourth Down Mechanics
	KO – Kickoff		TO – Time-out
	KOM – Kickoff Mechanics		TD - Touchdown
	KT – Kicking Team	69.	<b>U</b> – Umpire
34.	LI – Line Judge	70.	UNS - Unsportsmanlike Conduct

This Gold Book is dedicated to the thousands of OHSAA FB Officials who give their time so unselfishly on behalf of the tens of thousands of Ohio student athletes who play this Great game. We are truly blessed!!

71. VT – Visiting Team

72. YL - Yard Line

35. LOS - Line of Scrimmage

36. LTG - Line to Gain

### **Crew Improvement Checklist: Pretenders or Contenders**

6/1/16

Does your Crew aspire to be a Contending Crew? As we all know Post Game Evaluations are very important to the continual improvement of the Crew & Each Official. These Questions have been developed to help Crews set Game Goals & then rate themselves afterwards. Enjoyl <u>During the Entire Game Did Your Crew:</u>

- 1. Use the OHSAA Approved FB Gold Book Mechanics on every down?
- 2. Consistently Enforce the Sideline Restricted Area 100% with the help of all officials?
- 3. CONCENTRATE 100% on each & every down & the interval between Downs?
- 4. Use the OHSAA Approved Hand Signals to communicate effectively with each other?
- 5. Dress in OHSAA Approved Uniforms that look new or newly new & fit?
- 6. Enforce all NFHS Rules Related to Player Equipment?
- 7. Have 100% Completions on all underhand relay passes to fellow officials & ball persons?
- 8. Have 100% Correct Enforcement of All Penalties?
- 9. Communicate Effectively & Professionally with the HC's?
- 10. During Hurry up Offenses with the GC Running have the ball spotted & be ready to officiate prior to the team wanting to snap the ball?
- 11. Enforce all LOS Dead Ball Fouls within 10 seconds?
- 12. BJ jogs to R, & then verbally communicates with the R at the End of Each Period whether or not the period will be extended?
- 13. Apply the Conserve & Consume Rules at the end of both Halves?
- 14. Conduct themselves in a Professional & Respectful Manner with Players, Fans, Fellow Officials, & Game Management?
- 15. Apply & Enforce All OHSAA Safety Policies & Regulations?
- 16. Confirm Game with AD via email early that Week, Arrive 90 Minutes Prior to Varsity Game Time, Conduct a Thorough Pre Game Conference, Meet with the HC's approximately 35 minutes Prior to Game Time, & Conduct the Toss 20 minutes Prior to Game Time?
- 17. Call & penalize all DB & Personal Fouls along with any UNS?
- 18. When the GC was stopped communicate clock status with each other & catch any scoreboard timing errors along with the wrong number of time-outs posted?
- 19. Keep an eye on the weather for any lightning or thunder?

The CHALLENGE is for a Crew to answer YES to all 19 Questions – because that is near perfection. Set as a GOAL for the following week to discuss during the Pre-Game Conference areas we are going to dedicate ourselves to emphasize & thus improve. Over the 10 weeks we expect all crews, including ourselves, to improve substantially. While visiting with OHSAA Crews this past Winter & Spring, it was amazing to see the difference between Crews Performance from game tape in Weeks 1 or 2 & then Weeks 9 or 10. It is a Great Feeling!!!!!

### **Empowered Crews**

### The R: A Leader or an Authoritarian Figure?

A truly Great **R** involves the entire crew in all aspects of the game. The **R** is a mentor who watches with great satisfaction as his crewmates grow & mature as the season progresses. He prods, compliments, encourages & offers "constructive comments" to his crewmates. He welcomes feedback from the crew. He knows the Gold Book IP & R&R's for all Crew members, not just his own. He makes suggestions during the game, at half time, & post-game so Crew members can grow each week.

He DELEGATES many pregame responsibilities rather than think that ONLY HE can talk with timers, chain crew, & coaches. By involving his crew he EMPOWERS them in the eyes of HC's, Players, Fans, & Game Management. R—Take a Good Look in the Mirror—Do you treat your crew as you would like to be treated? Are you doing everything to empower & nurture the officials who look up to you?

We remember that the performance of the crew is a reflection on the official in "the white hat".

### Below are Delegated Responsibilities for each Crew Member before & during the Game:

- 1. CREW: Pre-Game Conference: All Officials are Actively Engaged in the Discussion
- 2. R: Talk with Game Management if Inclement Weather is a possibility
- 3. U: Talk with the GC Operator; BJ: Talk with the PC Operator
- 4. Wings: Talk with the Ball Person (s) on Your SL
- 5. HL: Talk with the Chain Gang
- 6. R: Determine What Medical Personnel Will be Available During the Game
- 7. U: Talk with HC's & Trainers Regarding any Player Equipment Issues
- 8. R/Wing: Talk with TV / Radio Personnel Regarding Time-outs, Half Time, etc.
- 9. **CREW**: During the Week Before the Game: Divide Duties such as Transportation Coordination, Contacting Home AD, Line-Up Cards, & Pre-Game Topics
- 10. LI: Times Half Time, Inclement Weather Delays, & Interval Before OT Begins
- 11. CREW: All have an equal voice & input during the Game, R breaks the "ties".
- 12. CREW: Meet with Varsity HC's Approximately 35 Minutes before Game Time.
  - A. Each Official introduces himself to the HC
  - B. R: Players Legally Equipped; Captain's #'s; Kicker Rt. or Left? Sportsmanship
  - C. U: Any Player Equipment that needs to be Checked
  - D. HL (VT HC): Lineup Card, Get Back Coach, Unusual Plays, Depth of KO, Unbalance Line?
  - E. Li (HT HC): Lineup Card, Get Back Coach, Unusual Plays, Depth of KO, Unbalance Line?
  - F. **HL/U**: Assure the HC that we will get player's # & detailed description on all fouls called as soon as we can, but we still have to be able to officiate the game (6/1/16)

### Good Luck to Contending Crews w/ Empowered Officials -- Own Your Position!!

# 5 Man Crew - Primary Responsibilities for FB Mechanics

(91/1/9)

It is imperative that you OWN your position. Take ownership for the Primary Responsibilities indicated below:

Referee	<u>Umpire</u>	Crews That Are CONTENDERS
1. OHSAA Gold Book Mechanics	1. Equipment – Players & Officials	1. Uses OHSAA Gold Book Mechanics
2. Conserve & Consume Timing Rules	2. Penalty Enforcement	2. 5 Fingers of a Hand – All Working Together
3. KO — Count RT (11)	3. KO Count KT (11)	3. Open & Honest Communication = Crew Success
4. FG/Punt/Try Count KT (11) & Subs	4. FG/Punt/Try — Count KT (11)	4. Have the Courage to Help a Fellow Official
5. Run/Pass — Count A (11) & Subs	5. Run/Pass Count A (11)	5. Treat Others as You Would Like to be Treated
6. QB — Pass/Fumble; Int. Grounding (Crew Help)	6. Pass — Ineligibles	6. Let Your Mind Digest What Your Eyes Have Seen
7. Official Score & Game Stopped Score	7. Passer Beyond/Behind LOS	7. We are There to Defuse Rather Than Incite
8. Complete All Reports Except DQ	8. Pass — Beyond/Behind LOS	8. Talk Low & Slow When Addressing Coaches
9. Number of Team TO's - Crew & Scoreboard	9. Game Balls Approve Them	9. Be Firm Yet Fair With Players & Coaches
10. Backward Pass Punch & Yell	10, Legal Snap	10. Address Players & Coaches; Yes Sir; No Ma'am
11. Decide to go to OKOM When Crew Disagrees	11. TrySound Whistle After Kicked	11. Be Professional Uniforms Look Sharp & New
12. The Expert – Rules 2 & 9	12. The Expert – Rules 1 & 10	12. Enjoy the Moment We Are Truly Blessed

Head Linesman	Line Judge	Back Judge
1. Correct Down Number & Yardage	1. Game Clock & Talk with GC Timer	1. Play Clock & 25 Seconds to Snap/Kick; Time TO's
2. ENFORCE Restricted Area	2. ENFORCE Restricted Area	2. Signal R to Start Clock or Not When Stopped
3. KO — Count RT (11)	3, KO — Count RT (11)	3. KO — Count KT (11)
4. Pass/Punt/Run — Count 7 on LOS —A/KT	4. Pass/Punt/Run — Count 7 on LOS —A/KT	4. FG/Punt/Try — Count RT (11)
5. Pass/Punt/Run Eligible A/KT Receivers	5. Pass/Punt/Run —Eligible A/KT Receivers	5. Run/Pass Count B (11)
6. Player in Motion – Your Side of Center	6. Player in Motion – Your Side of Center	6. Pass Coverages Coordinate with HL/LJ
7. Measurements & Initiate Double Stakes	7. First Down or Not Your Call	7. Extension of Period-Communicate with R
8. Chain Gang — Lead Them	8. Time Half Time & Interrupted Game Interval	8. Game Stopped — Record Concussion, DQ & UNS
9. Backward Pass – Punch & Yell	9. Backward Pass Punch & Yell	9. Punt — Any Signals by RT
10. Double Check Yardage by <b>U</b> on Penalties	10. Double Check Yardage by <b>U</b> on Penalties	10. Subs B, & RT on FG/Punt/Try
11. Ball Person — Your Side	11. Ball Person – Your Side	11. Next KO - Time 30 seconds, then jog to K
12. The Expert – Rules 5 & 7	12. The Expert – Rules 3 & 4	12. The Expert Rules 6 & 8

# 4 Man Crew Primary Responsibilities for FB Mechanics

(91/1/9)

It is imperative that you OWN your position. Take ownership for the Primary Responsibilities indicated below:

Referee	Umpire	Crews That Are CONTENDERS
1. OHSAA Gold Book Mechanics	1. Equipment – Players and Officials	1. Uses OHSAA Gold Book Mechanics
2. Conserve & Consume Timing Rules	2. Penalty Enforcement	2. 4 Fingers of a Hand - All Working Together
3. KO — Count RT (11) at 10 YL	3. KO Count KT (11); Instructions to Kicker & KT	3. Open & Honest Communication = Crew Success
4. FG/Punt/Try Count KT (11) & Substitutions	4. FG/Punt/Try - Count RT (11) & Substitutions	4. Have the Courage to Help a Fellow Official
5. FG/Punt/Try —Count LOS Players — Your side	5. Punt Move Downfield Like a 5 Man BJ	5. Treat Others as You Would Like to be Treated
6. Run/Pass — Count A (11) & Substitutions	6. Run/Pass Count B (11)	6. Let Your Mind Digest What Your Eyes Have Seen
7. QB - Pass/Fumble; Int. Grounding (Grew Help)	7. Pass – Ineligibles	7. We are There to Defuse Rather Than Incite
8. Play Clock & 25 Second Clock	8. Pass/Passer Beyond/Behind LOS	8. Talk Low & Slow When Addressing Coaches
9. # of Team Timeouts - Crew & Scoreboard	9. Game Balls —Approve Them	9. Be Firm Yet Fair With Players & Coaches
10. Backward Pass Punch & Yell	10. Legal Snap	10. Address Players & Coaches: Yes Sir, No Ma'am
11. Decides to go to OKOM When Crew Disagrees	11. Try ~Sound Whistle When Kicked	11. Be Professional Uniforms Look Sharp & New
12. The Expert Rules 2 & 9	12. The Expert Rules 1 & 10	12. Enjoy the Moment We Are Truly Blessed

Head Linesman	<u>Line Judge</u>	Mechanics Differences From 5 to 4 Officials
1. Correct Down Number & Yardage	1. Game Clock; Signal R to Start/Stop Clock	1. U Becomes "BJ" on Punts & GLM Like 5 Man BJ
2. ENFORCE Restricted Area	2. ENFORCE Restricted Area	2. KO - LJ at 50 YL on PB SL; Stay on SL After KO
3. KO Count RT (11) at 10 YL	3. KO — Count RT (1.1) at 50 YL	3. KO — U at 40 YL On SL Opposite PB; Stay on SL
4. Pass/Punt/Run — Count 7 on LOS —A/KT	4. Pass/Run — Count 7 on LOSA/KT	4. KO HL at 10 YL On SL Opposite PB
5. Pass/Punt/RunEligible A/KT Receivers	5. Pass/Punt/Run – Eligible A/KT Receivers	5. KO - R at 10 YL - PB SL
6. Player in Motion — Your Side of the Center	6. Player in Motion - Your Side of the Center	6. Try/FGWing looking at R's BackGo to EL GP
7. Measurements & Initiate Double Stakes	7, First Down or Not Your Call	7. U Counts RT(11) on Punt/Try/FG (11)
8. Chain Gang Lead Them	8. Punt Punt Crosses LOS; Extension of Period	8. On Site - 20 Min. Prior to KO for 8 -10 Minute Qt.
9. Backward Pass Punch & Yell	9. Backward Pass – Punch & Yell	9. Onside Kick – <b>U</b> at 40 YL; <b>HL/LJ</b> at 50 YL;
10. Double Check Yardage by U on Penalties	10. Double Check Yardage by <b>U</b> on Penalties	10. Onside Kick - R in Widdle of Field at 10 YL
11. Ball Person – Your Side	11. Ball Person – Your Side	11. R Times 25 Seconds to Snap Ball
12. The Expert Rules 5, 7 & 8	12. The Expert Rules 3, 4, & 6	12. U – Counts B (11) Players on Non Kick Plays

## "If in Doubts": They Make Us Better Officials 6/1/16

If In Doubts recommend not calling a foul in questionable situations, allowing play to continue instead of blowing the play dead, & giving the team the benefit of more favorable field position when it is difficult to determine where the ball is to be spotted. Please take some time to learn & understand how to apply each of the "If in doubts" in game situations.

- 1. If in doubt, consider the safety of all paramount to the game. (Rules 1 & 3)
- 2. If in doubt, it is **not** a foul. (Rule 2)
- 3. If in doubt, apply conserving/consuming time. (Rule 3)
- 4. If in doubt, the player is inbounds, (Rule 4)
- 5. If in doubt, measure for a first down. (Rule 5)
- 6. If in doubt, the airborne kickoff/punt near the GL is **not** a TB. (Rule 6)
- 7. If in doubt, implement onside kick mechanics, (Rule 6)
- 8. If in doubt, the kickoff/punt/pass is untouched. (Rules 6 & 7)
- 9. If in doubt, the pass is forward. (Rule 7)
- 10. If in doubt, the runner did **not** fumble. (Rule 7)
- 11. If in doubt, control of a pass followed by loss of possession is incomplete. (Rule 7)
- 12. If in doubt, the pass near the ground is a catch. (Rule 7)
- 12. If in doubt, the passer is behind the A LOS. (Rule 7)
- 13. If in doubt, the player is on the A LOS. (Rule 7)
- 14. If in doubt, it is **not** a TD or a safety. (Rule 8)
- 15. If in doubt, it is Roughing the Kicker (Rule 9)
- 16. If in doubt on a punt, the foul by R near the LOS is PSK. (Rule 10)

### Mechanics (5 & 4 Man Crews): Brief & Concise

Primary Responsibilities (PR) are listed for each position. R has PR for Crew using Gold Book. Mechanics are for 5 Man Crews with 4 Man differences indicated with a "NOTE". They are summarized on the PR for 4 Man in the lower right hand corner box. The Mechanics are alphabetized to locate easily. All Crews Must meet with both HC's prior to each game for Varsity & Sub Varsity Games. There are NO exceptions. Changes from last year are shaded. (6/2/16)

### 1. Ball Handling Mechanics (BHM)

- A. CREW (Ball Exchange): On COP relay the "old" FB to the SL after there is no threat of a DBF. Do not wait for a "new" FB to remove "old" FB to Ball Person. Do not kick the FB.
- B. CREW GOAL: 100% Completions. Take extra steps before underhand only relay.
- **C. CREW:** Contenders watch DB Action while Pretenders are in a big hurry to secure a new FB. We cannot miss a DBF because we are looking for a new FB.
- D. U: Must hustle into the SZ, grab FB, & spot ball off Back Side Wing. Stay at HM & have R/BJ relay ball & spot off Near Side Wing if ball is near the SL. Hustle to secure FB.
- E. U: Rain/Snow: Hold & cover FB with towel at DBS. Set FB down as team breaks huddle.
- F. CREW: During hurry-up, play with 1 FB only as much as possible.
- **G. HL/LJ**: Do NOT spot FB in SZ (Exception: Spot FB for a measurement). Use downfield foot, if possible, use same FB.
- H. BJ: if DBS is outside the HM's, secure a new FB before measuring for a 1<sup>st</sup> down.
- I. CREW: During Inclement Weather make shorter relays & run FB in when needed.
- J. CREW: Do not throw FB toward SL so it hits the ground (Looks unprofessional).
- K. BJ: Relay new or current FB on plays that gain approximately 10 YDS. You are part of the triangle from Wing to U. R does same on plays that gain less than 10 YDS, unless U wants to hustle & secure a new FB.
- L. BJ: On deep incomplete passes, hustle & relay FB off field. Wings get a new FB.
- M. Ball Persons stay off the field on their team's SL only the entire game (Exception: After a TD the BJ will have the Ball Person hold a new FB near the GP Upright).
- N. HT & VT TEAMS: Each team keeps their own FB's on their own SL.

### 2. Bean Bag Mechanics (BBM)

- A. Fumble: Throw blue BB into air at <u>chest level</u>. This helps prevent inadvertent whistles. When a **Crew** member sees a BB he knows FB is loose & will not sound his whistle. Get BB on correct YL but not at the spot of the fumble. BB's are NOT thrown for interceptions or backward passes behind the NZ, but are thrown on backward passes beyond the NZ.
- B. BJ: Mark end of punt (PSK), except 18 & fair catch, & first touching. Need 2 BB's.
- C. Momentum (Inside 5 YL): Drop BB at spot of catch or interception.
- D. WINGS: No BB at OOB spot on SL (Exception: Fight breaks out down field or OOB).
- E. BJ/U: KO (BB in hand) "think onside kick". BJ/U/HL/LJ: BB in hand for OKOM.

### 3. Change of Possession Mechanics (COPM)

- A. Covering Official: Signal New Direction first (2X), then signal TO (2X).
- B. Non-Covering Officials: Signal TO (2X) immediately when Crew member signals COP.

### 4. Coach/Referee Conference Mechanics (CRCM)

- A. <u>Definition:</u> HC wants to Review a Rule Misapplication/ Misinterpretation. Consequences for NOT Following this Mechanic is Officials could be suspended a maximum of 2 years. NOTE: We "stay out of trouble" by granting the Coach/Referee Conference.
- B. CREW: OHSAA Requires NFHS Rule Book, Case Book & Gold Book (OT) is at the Field.

- C. R/Wing: Meet HC at SL & listen to him. Judgment calls do not apply.
  R will explain Ruling to HC. R can meet with Crew to discuss the ruling. It is <u>imperative</u> that all Crew members have an opportunity to talk. R must facilitate talk so an overly aggressive official is <u>NOT</u> allowed to dominate the discussion.
- D. **CREW:** If HC Disagrees with **R's** Ruling, then **Crew** <u>Must Secure</u> 3 Books, find ruling in the books & show the HC. Use Rules Index in the Gold Book.

### 5. Coin Toss Mechanics (CTM)

- A. R: Face Scoreboard at 50 YL. HL/U: Opposite PB SL. LI/BJ: PB SL.
- B. HL/U & U/BJ: Escort Captains & Introduce to R. Ll/BJ will delay walking until the HL/U is at Field #'s. Usually HT is PB SL & VT is opposite PB. NOTE: Coaches & other players must be outside the HM's for the CT. You can allow some media & "honorees" near the CT. Captains may be in street clothes or not legally equipped for the CT. NOTE: CI choices cannot be changed once R has signaled options to PB:
- C. U/HL/LI/BI: Move to 45 YL with backs to scoreboard.
- **D.** R: Request officials to introduce themselves to Captains. Ask which Captain will call & ask him for "call", & then repeat it (Items D G should take <u>only</u> 2-3 minutes).
- E. U: Steps forward & repeats Captains' "Call" of Heads or Tails.
- **F.** R: Toss coin at 20 minutes, catch it, & ask Captain to repeat the "call". Ask Captain if he wants to Defer or choose for 1<sup>st</sup> half. If Defer, Signal PB. If choose kick/receive/GL, turn captains & signal PB. It is okay to conduct CT earlier if both teams are ready. This could include cold or inclement weather, senior/parents night, homecoming, or team's left field.
- G. R: Discuss Sportsmanship with Captains & then check options with Crew.
- H. BJ (HT)/U (VT): 2<sup>nd</sup> Half: Bring 1 Captain each to center of field & meet with R.
- I. R: 2<sup>nd</sup> Half: Secure options from Captains & signal PB. Discuss sportsmanship if needed.
- J. OT: Toss, secure choices, turn captains, & signal PB by pointing to GL.

### 6. <u>Dead Ball Mechanics (DBM)</u>

- **A. HL/LJ** (OOB Runner): Stop GC (2X) immediately when runner goes OOB, then TURN-N-WATCH OOB. Swivel head, watch runner & other players return inbounds.
- B. R/HL/U/BJ: When space permits STOP a minimum of 5 YDS from pile of players (Exception: GL or close to a 1<sup>st</sup> down hustle in hard & fast). Allows officials to see more "big picture" & call DB Fouls when warranted. Game becomes chippy--move closer to pile Prevention.
- C. R: In most cases there is no need to run to the DBS at or beyond LOS. Stay back & swivel (2X) your head, watching for any DB action. Then hustle to your IP.
- D. BJ (Player in Opponent's Bench): Go into Team Box & escort player(s) back to field.
- E. ALL (Ball Dead): Swivel head (2X) & watch players in your area rather than stare at DBS.
- F. CREW: Immediately raise arm/hand to indicate next down. BE A GREAT DB OFFICIAL!
- G. CREW: Officiate DB action FIRST. Penalize first DB Hit; it usually stops it.

### 7. End of Period – First & Third Mechanics (EOPM)

- A. ALL: Record down, distance, & YL. Check scoreboard & verify all info. Light jog to SS.
- B. R: Ensure there are no penalties; communicate verbally with BJ regarding no Extension, & signal End of Period to PB. Verbally confirm down, distance, & location of FB with U.
- C. U: Walk off distance to near YL, record info, move to opposite side, & confirm with R/BJ.
- D. HL: Record clip YL; grab clip, reverse the 2 chain rods, move downfield, place clip, & ask chain crew to pull stakes tight. Make sure clip is on the back of the YL.
- E. LI: Record info, move downfield, monitor your team, & verify new location of chains.
- F. BJ: Confirm verbally with R there is no extension; time 1 minute; jog to SS.

### 8. Field Goal Mechanics (FGM)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: FG from any YL. (Assume Right Footed Kicker below) <u>NOTE:</u> 4 Man: Wing who looks at R's back goes to EL. **U/Wing** (GP Uprights).
- B. <u>Initial Position (IP):</u>
  - 1. R: Plant Leg Side of Kicker. 5 YDS Deeper than Holder, 10 YDS Wide of Holder, & shoulders at a 45 degree angle.
  - 2. U/BJ: GP Uprights (choice of post).
  - 3. HL/LJ: Stand on Field Numbers at LOS

### C. Read & React (R&R) Then Flow:

- 1. R: Signal Crew ASAP when "Tee" & Kicker come on field. KEYS: Eligible Backs & Holder #, Snap, Catch, NO FAKE, Snapper, Holder, Rushers, & Kicker/Holder. Delay marking ball ready until U gets to EL. Inform RT loudly to "stay off center & H/K". Yell "Ball's Away" when FB is kicked to warn RT to avoid H/K. FG good Watch KT & RT for DBF. FG blocked back pedal might be needed at GL. Count 1001 & 1002 on Center (Foul for direct contact within 2 seconds).
- 2. U: Communicate to Crew NO WHISTLE. KEYS: Snap, Snapper, & NO FAKE. Watch Center on Snap. Count 1001/1002 on Center (Foul for direct contact within 2 seconds).
- 3. HL/LI: KEYS: Snap, FAKE, & Near TE/WB Block. Long FG: Move downfield when kicked. Short FG Made: Hustle in toward linemen. Fake or mishandled snap: R & R quickly & move to SL OOB; & if necessary, move toward GL.
- 4. U/BJ: Iffaked BJ stays on EL & U hustles to GL If FG is short, both hustle to GL, & rule if Kick breaks GL Plane. Sound whistle when kick crosses GL, & signal no score & TB.
- 5. **U/BJ:** Good **U** sounds whistle, both signal FG good & move 2 YDS into EZ; Not good & hits in or beyond the EZ **U** sounds whistle. Both move 2 YDS into EZ, signal no score ONLY (2X) & TB (2X).

### 9. Fight Mechanics - Actual Fight (FMA)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: 2 or more opponents are swinging at each other (rare in Ohio).
- **B. CREW:** If players are swinging, stand back, & "take numbers". Keep other players away from fight. Once players go to ground, attempt to break it up.
- C. HL/LI: Primary responsibility for SL & keeping non-players from leaving their bench.
- **D. CREW:** After order is restored, huddle away from everyone, discuss, & then assess penalties & DQ's. Give all officials an opportunity to speak & be heard.
- E. R: Go to SL with Wing present & inform each HC -- penalties & DQ's for both teams.
- F. R (Signal): DB & Personal Foul, Not UNS, since there is contact while fighting. Signal DQ for each player ejected from game for each team.
- **G. CREW:** After game record facts. Complete required Ejection Forms online; follow OHSAA Ejection Policy, as best you can. OHSAA makes any necessary adjustments.
- H. CREW: During weeks 1 10 Contact League Assigner or Commissioner.

### 10. Fight Mechanics - Prevention (FMP)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: Tempers are rising; players are getting "personal"; it is "heating up".
- B. CREW: Allow no talking between opposing teams; stop it immediately. "Pinch into field" further. Your presence is vital. U: An important role in the middle.
- C. CREW: Talk with players on the "edge" of a late hit, but not late enough to call.
- D. CREW: 2 opponents "chest up" or shove each other. Get between the opponents & stop it then assess penalties, if warranted. If players are not swinging, get between them. This is GOOD DB Officiating. Positive statements can defuse it.

- **E. CREW:** Be Assertive without being Aggressive Do Not push players to ground, tackle players, grab a player's face mask, or pull them off pile. Sound your whistle loudly.
- F. CREW: It is vitally important to penalize FIRST late hit, when warranted.

### 11. First Down Mechanics (FDM)

- A. Definition: Close to a first down
- **B. Li**: Primary Responsibility to decide if it is a 1st down. If close, stop GC & look. If not, start GC. We do not have to measure because we stopped the GC. Note: **Li** has best look from across field & is usually downfield. With today's spread offenses & number of passes, the **R** is usually too far away. **HL**: Do <u>not</u> look over your shoulder.
- **C. CREW**: If CLOSE regarding first down MEASURE. There are too many games where a **Crew** refused to measure, & then, in "eyes of coaches, they could do no right". On synthetic & well-marked grass fields, if forward stake is beyond HM & DBS is behind same HM, we will not measure. Too many times we look across field & think "that is not even close", & then we bring chains across field "Wow—that was close or is a 1<sup>st</sup> down.
- D. HL/LJ (Close to 1<sup>st</sup> down): Sprint in assertively until you meet resistance. Wing who can "see leather" yells for FB. U will "dig for FB" & "hand it". Do not throw FB to Wing.
   E. HI: If 1 down, hustle to SL & mark Yl where the rear stake & down box will be set.

### 12. Flag Mechanics (FLM)

- A. All flags must be in front & tucked in. Carry 1 or 2 center weighted Black ball Flags only.
- **B.** Never throw a flag at a player; <u>No Spot</u>: Throw flag high into air. <u>Spot</u>: Throw flag to coYL. Passer beyond LOS Drop Flag at spot. **Crew** must cover a spot foul flag.
- C. Same Foul: Multiple flags move flags to same spot. Confirm foul & player # & then 1 official signals Prelim to R. <u>UNS/DB Personal Foul</u>: Throw flag <u>high</u> into the air.

### 13. Forward Progress Mechanics (FWPM)

- A. Place downfield foot in front of backfield foot to mark FWP. Square Off. No angle in.
- **B.** Cross field mechanics (passes & runner driven back near SL) look across field for help & an accurate FWP spot. Important for back side **Wing** to move into field near HM so your partner can see you.
- C. HL/LI mark FWP most unless R marks FWP behind LOS or BJ marks FWP down field
- D. Player hit/driven back between field #'s & SL wind (2X) & move in, not past players.
- E. Once official sounds whistle for FWP swivel your head (2X) & watch for DB action.
- F. Trapped pass catch or no catch do not move in to mark FWP until you know it is a catch. If you square off & move in you are indicating Catch. Swivel your head & see if other officials signaled incomplete pass. Key is: Go SLOW here!!

### 14. Free Kick After Fair Catch (FC)/Awarded FC (FKFC)

- A. <u>Initial Position (IP):</u> R (Kicker); U (GP Upright, Opposite PB); HL (KT Line); LJ (RT Line); BJ (GP Upright, PB). <u>NOTE</u>: 4 Man: R (KT Line); Wing (RT Line); Wing/U (GP Uprights)
- B. Read & React (R&R) Then Flow:
  - 1. R: Ask BJ if it is a FC. Ask HC where to spot FB.
  - CREW: Once kicked use FGM.

### 15. Free Kick After Safety (FKS)

- A. <u>Initial Position (IP)</u>: R (RT 20 YL); U (KT 30 YL); HL/U (RT 30 YL); BJ (KT 20 YL). <u>NOTE</u>: 4 Man: R/HL (RT 30 YL); U (KT 20 YL); U (KT 30 YL)
- B. Read & React (R&R) Then Flow: KOM. BJ/U: Run to KT 30 YL HM after kick/punt.

### 16. Fumble Mechanics (FUM)

- A. Covering Officials throw BB. R will stop GC (no whistle) after 2 seconds if there is no signal from an official signaling possession. If A retains possession, covering official signals next down & R winds GC immediately along with LI.
- B. Large pileup & officials have to "dig". First official to pile "digs" Official, who rules team possession, yells team color, & closest official signals team possession direction (2X), after making sure of proper direction. Stop GC (2X) for COP.

### 17. Game Management Mechanics (GMM)

- A. R (Meetings with HC's): Inform HC that Crew will send player(s) to SL who is approaching "fouling status". Crew (During Game): The Crew will stop the GC & the appropriate Wing will escort the player to the SL & inform the HC. Record player's numbers on game cards who are sent off the field. Player can reenter when the HC thinks he is ready to play & behave appropriately. Send any player out who is talking to an opponent. We are paid to "control" the game. Too often we let the early talking continue then later during the game we try to regain "control". Stop the talking between teams early & often.
- B. CREW (Halftime): R winds GC then Crew Jogs Off field together.
- C. CREW (End of Game): R signals End of Period & Crew gets together as a TEAM & RUNS OFF the Field to the LR. Don't Stay to Visit Preventive Officiating.

### 18. Goal Line Mechanics (GLM)

- A. Use GLM for Try-Run/Pass (2 Pts.)
- B. <u>Definition</u>: Snap on/inside +10 YL. NOTE: 4 Man: U moves to EL between Uprights.
- C. Initial Position (IP):
  - 1. R: 15 YDS behind LOS & 8 YDS Wide of QB at 45 degree angle. Wide Side of Field.
  - 2. U: 7 YDS off the LOS inside the TE's, irrespective of R's IP. Vary your position laterally.
  - 3. HL/LI: 2 Yards outside SL (restraining line). 4. BJ: EL between GP Uprights.

### D. Read & React (R&R1 & 2) Then Flow:

- 1. R: Same as Pass or Run Play. After TD watch players move toward SL. Do NOT signal TD to PB. Look for Tee held by kicker. After TD ask Captain for location to spot FB for TRY.
- U: Same as Pass or Run Play. If you are 100% sure it is a TD, & Wing has not signaled TD, run to appropriate Wing & tell him what you saw. The TD call is the Wing's Decision.
   U: NEVER signal TD. Do NOT spot FB for Try until Captain indicates spot.
- 3. HL/LI: MUST be at GL before FB arrives at GL. R&R1: (+10YL & +5YL) Start moving immediately toward GL, 2 YDS outside the pylon under control. R&R2: (+5YL & GL) Hustle immediately to GL, 2 YDS outside pylon before FB arrives at GL. Stay beyond FB & then come back as needed. Runner dives at pylon back out to see play. TD PIVOT-N-WATCH runner in EZ. Pinch in hard & fast on CLOSE Play at GL. Be assertive!! Dig for FB if necessary. It is a TD Run in on GL. Not Sure Run in Short of GL. IMPORTANT TO SELL IT. Be PATIENT find FB first!! Better to be Late & Right. Runner runs hard to opposite pylon Back side Wing will pinch in. NEVER MIRROR A TD SIGNAL!! NOTE: R&R3 If time & score dictate it, move to GL ASAP at snap.
- 4. Wings: If runner moves toward the opposite SL, go directly to pylon & be ready to pinch in assertively on field of play. Make sure the runner does not change direction.
- 5. **BJ**: Stay on EL during live ball. Hustle down EL, maintaining a 5 YD cushion with receiver. Straddle EL on tight catch/no catch. Observe A Players near SL for touching EL. **BJ** signals incomplete pass on EL only, not **Wings**.

6. **HL/LI/BJ:** EZ Corner — Eye Contact with **Wing** Prior to TD Signal; if someone sees Incomplete Pass, signal immediately (2X); Pass —Wait several seconds before signaling TD — It is Better to be Late & Right. Signal TD (hold 2 seconds) only if you see it. STOP at GL, Signal TD, Pivot 90 Degrees, & WATCH/FOLLOW Runner & other players after TD.

### 19. Hat Mechanics (HATM)

A. HL/LJ/BJ: Throw hat if any A/K Player goes OOB without being blocked prior to a COP or there is no COP. Muddy Field: Save hat & YELL the player's number loudly!!!

### 20. Hurry-up Offense Mechanics (HUM)

- A. R/HL/LJ: Adjust position by not moving in as far when FB is dead.
- **B.** R: Emphatically tell Center & QB to "wait for my whistle" if A is ready to snap. R: If Center is over FB, back pedal quickly to IP before marking ball ready.
- C. U: The "Sprinter" between downs, runs to grab FB & spot it off Back side Wing. Remember, GC becomes more important than exact DBS, unless close to a 1st down. Spot FB & move to your IP as quickly as possible. Hustle, But Do Not Hurry.
- D. HL/LI: Both hold DBS for U as he might use either back side or front side Wing.
- E. CREW: When A catches or runs with FB, use 1 FB only when spotting for next down.
- F. CREW: GOAL for every game is efficient, quick, & accurate FB spotting so A never has to wait for officials other than for TO's or 1<sup>st</sup> down measurements.

### 21. Kick Off Mechanics (KOM)

A. Definition: KO at KT 40 YL. Score & time don't indicate Onside KO. Same IP for R/HL/Li if KO is at 35 YL. NOTE 1: Players do not have to be legally equipped until the KO (Grades: 9-12) or spotting the ball (Grades: 7<sup>th</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup>) which starts the game. NOTE 2: 4 Man: R (RT 10 YL near PB SL); HL (RT 10 YL opposite PB SL); Li (RT 50 YL on PB SL); Li (KT 40 YL opposite PB SL). U/Li: Stay on SL after KO. Wind GC (2X): R signals when Kick touches player/caught between your SL & far HM. HL starts GC between your SL to near HM. R/HL: When TB is ruled 2 officials sound whistle loud & repeatedly while running to #'s to prevent DB Fouls.

### B. <u>Initial Position (IP):</u>

- 1. R: Straddle GL on wide side of 1 receiver & between 2 receivers.
- 2. U: 50 YL, 2 YDS OOB, & opposite PB with BB in hand (think onside kick).
- 3. HL/U: GL on SL. HL opposite PB. LJ on PB SL. If 1st KO for a team is short of the 15 YL, move to the 10 YL for the next KO for that team. If kicked between the 15 YL & GL, stay at GL. The GOAL is to trail the Receiver, NOT be even with him. NOTE: KT penalized 15 YDS move up field accordingly for re kick.
- 4. BJ: 40 YL, 2 YDS OOB & on PB SL with BB in hand (think onside kick).

### C. Pre Kickoff:

- 1. BJ: After Try, secure new FB from Ball Person near GP Upright, start your timer for 60 seconds, & jog up PB SL. Jog to Kicker at 30 seconds. Check Tee & hand kicker FB. REMIND KT to stay behind Line until kick. Jog to SL After clearing Restricted Area, secure ready from U & signal R. If FB falls off Tee sound whistle (2X) & jog to kicker.
- 2. U: Jog up SL opposite PB & clear Restricted Area. Signal BJ when ready (raise arm).
- 3. LI: Stand at Field #'s with "stop" signal pointed to R until GC is set at 12:00.
- 4. R/HL/LJ: Count RT & secure "ready" signal from HL/LJ/BJ (raised arm).
- 5. CREW: If wind blows ball off Tee (2X), then a KT member must hold the FB.
- 6. HL/LI: If they disagree whether to be at GL or 10 YL, stay at GL.

7. R/HL/LI: Count RT; U/BJ: Count KT. U/BJ work together to communicate with KT & HC regarding KT players being within 5 YDS of Free Kick Line & 4 KT players being on both sides of Kicker. BJ will call within 5 YDs & BJ/U will call the 4 players.

### D. Read & React (R&R) Then Flow:

- R: KEYS RT Touching Kick, Wind GC, GL, TB, Blocks Ahead of Runner, Clean Up Behind Runner & R&R. Straddle GL & maintain 5 YD cushion until GL is not threatened. Wind GC. Signal TB if needed. Move up field watching blocking ahead & around runner. Once ball is dead swivel head (2X) & clean up first.
- 2. **U**: KEYS R Encroachment, Onside Kick, First Touching, KT Initial Contact by RT Front Line, & R&R. Run to near HM on 50 YL then STOP-N-Watch KT & RT. If runner breaks it, you have inside/out responsibility & **BJ** has GL.
- 3. **HL/U**: KEYS RT Touching Kick, Wind GC, KT OOB, Blocks Immediately ahead of Kick Returner & R&R. Stay on SL until kick ends. Be aware of any FC signal by RT. Wind GC if kick is caught/touched in your SZ only. Move up field deliberately, trailing runner by a minimum of 5 YDS, & watching blocks. Do NOT hurry to get to DBS. Blocking is more important ahead of runner. The SL is yours, GL to GL.
- 4. **HL/LJ**: When starting at 10 YL, if the kick goes toward the GL hustle back to GL outside the pylon. Be ready to rule TB or OOB if the kick is near your pylon.
- 5. **HL/U**: OOB Kick Throw flag at spot then hustle to HC for penalty choice.
- 6. **BJ**: KEYS Kicker, KT Encroachment, Onside Kick, First Touching, KT Initial Contact by RT Front Line, & R&R. Watch RT running forward to block Kicker, & then run to near HM at 50 YL. STOP-N-Watch KT players. Use peripheral vision to check runner. Be ready to lead runner to GL. Arrive at GL prior to runner.
- 7. R/HL/LI: When R signals TB, HL/LI runs toward the 10 YL #'s at a 45 degree angle, sounding their whistles loud & repeatedly to help prevent DBF's. R jogs to 10 YL & sounds whistle loud & repeatedly.

### 22. Measurements Mechanics (MM)

- A. R: Makes final decision to measure, signals TO to PB, & motions chains in.
- B. HL/LI: HL checks correct YL & clip, then places clip where the LI has placed his foot. Limit then step on the chain to secure it after the chain has been placed correctly. NOTE: Chain Crew cannot wear official's stripe shirts causes confusion when looking across field.
- C. BJ: If outside HM's secure a new FB, then hold existing FB in place. Face the foremost point of the FB with your back to GL.
- D. U/L: U makes sure L's foot is lined up correctly on the YL with the clip & the L's foot on the chain, then takes forward stake & pulls it tight.
- E. R: Looks at stake & FB, signals 1<sup>st</sup> down or signals short to PB. After grabbing FWP spot on chain, move chains inside HM & spot new FB if necessary. If short of a 1<sup>st</sup> down, wait for HL to reset clip & chains on the SL.

### 23. Microphone Announcements Mechanics (MAIVI)

- A. R: Microphone MUST be controlled by R ONLY, if it is heard in stadium. If not, do NOT use. Stand still; face PB; be concise, accurate, & think before talking. Pause for effect.
- B. R (Practice): No microphone in this game verbalize fouls when you signal PB.
- C. R: Briefly announce unique rulings; keep it short & sweet; avoid being too technical.
- D. R (Examples): Player's # is announced.
  - 1. Dead Ball, False Start, Offense, #79, 5 YDS, Still 1st Down
  - 2. Illegal Motion, Offense, #38, 5 YDS, Repeat 2<sup>nd</sup> Down

- 3. Roughing the Passer, Defense, #41, 15 YDS, Automatic 1st Down
- 4. Intentional Grounding, Offense, #12, 5 YDS, Loss of Down, 3rd Down
- 5. SL Warning, Name of HS, Their First.
- 6. Time-out, Name of HS, Their First

### 24. Observer/Crew Meeting Mechanics

- A. Definition: Applies to Weeks 11 15 Only.
- **B.** Observer meets with **CREW** at halftime for a Maximum 10 Minutes & Post Game (reasonable amount of time). Listen attentively & be polite. However, if Observer makes a suggestion that is <u>Different</u> from the Gold Book, show him the Gold Book.
- **C. CREW**: Observer is REQUIRED to give CREW the OHSAA FB Observation Forms. If he does not, email the DOD FB within 48 hours after the game.

### 25. Onside Kick Off Mechanics (OKOM)

- A. <u>Definition:</u> Score &/or time indicate an Onside Kick might occur. KO at KT 40 YL. 5 Man: R (GL), HL/LI (RT 50 YL), BJ/U (KT 40 YL). <u>NOTE:</u> 4 Man: U (KT 40 YL), HL/LI (RT 50 YL) R at 10.
- B. If in doubt, use OKOM. Discuss after Try-R makes Decision ONLY if disagreement.
- C. CREW: HC indicates his team onside kicks a lot use OKOM always when they KO.
- D. CREW: Do NOT give signal regarding possible onside KO -- ready for onside KO every time.
- E. R: IP is in middle of the Field. Stay at GL until there is no chance FB might touch GL.
- F. BJ/HL/LJ/U: All 2 YDS OOB, BB in Hand. Clear restricted area before raising hand.
- G. U/BJ: Hold at 40 YL & observe 1<sup>st</sup> touching, blocks by KT & RT, & possession. Then move downfield to help rule on team possession.
- H. HL/LI: Hold at 50 YL & rule on FB crossing RT's Free Kick Line, FC, & possession.
- I. U/BJ/HL/L: Large pileup on onside kick - dig out FB - "survival of the fittest".
- J. HL/LJ/U/BJ: Remind teams to stay behind their Free Kick Lines until FB is kicked.

### 26. Pass Mechanics (PM)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: Snap is between 10 YL & + 10 YL. A Pass is thrown. <u>NOTE</u>: 4 Man: Wings have all receivers on their side & dual coverage over middle of field.
- B. Initial Position (IP):
  - 1. R: 15 YDS behind LOS & 8 YDS wide of QB at 45 degree angle; Wide Side of Field.
  - 2. U: 7 YDS off LOS inside the TE's, irrespective of R's IP. Vary your position laterally. Shoulders parallel to GL.
  - 3. HL/LI: 10 YDS outside widest A Player; Never inside #'s. If A is near SL take steps OOB.
  - 4. **BJ**: 20 YDS off LOS between the GP Uprights. Stay at 20 YDS until the FB is snapped between the + 15 YL & + 10 YL. Then move 5 YDS deep into the EZ. When snapped on or inside the + 10 YL (GLM) move to the EL. IP is behind the deepest B players.

### C. Read & React (R&R1, 2, & 3) Then Flow:

- 1. R: KEYS Snap/QB/Opposite Tackle/Passer; Maintain a 5 YD cushion with Passer. Yell "Ball's Away" once slowly to tell B Rushers to stay off Passer. If B hits Passer after you have said "Ball's Away" once slowly, it is Roughing the Passer.
- 2. R: BP signal & yell "back". If Passer rolls, maintain a 10 YD cushion; eye on passer after pass. Passer close to LOS Memorize spot of release & move to it quickly check with U beyond or behind. Be ready to rule on Passer who is hit Pass or Fumble.
- 3. R: Intentional Grounding (ING) is an R <u>only</u> flag thrown. When **Crew** members know there are no receivers in area get the info to the RASAP. R will then assess the status of the passer. If R determines there is ING he will drop a flag at the spot of the pass.

- 4. U: KEYS Snap/Linemen/QB/Pass/Catch; Quick Pass No time to get to LOS. Delayed Pass Delay slightly & read crossing TE or possible screen pass to RB directly behind A linemen. If no threat move toward LOS. If Passer rolls in a Moving Pocket, U should flow with pocket along LOS in R&R 3. U must get to LOS with R&R3 or if the LOS is threatened by Passer. Check spot where Passer releases ball near LOS with R as he arrives. Be ready to rule on trapped pass behind/beyond LOS. Turn immediately when pass is thrown. Jog to DBS. Shoulders parallel to SL when spotting FB. Move off FB quickly after spotting. Crew GOAL: A Never has to wait on Crew to spot FB & go to IP.
- 5. **HL/LJ/BJ** (COVERAGES): DBL/DBL—BJ has inside receiver on LJ side. TRIPS—BJ has 2 inside receivers. Go to zone coverage once A moves past B initially.
- 6. HL/LI/BJ: Watch FEET FIRST, & then catch on EL/SL Plays. FEET/FB!
- 7. HL/LJ/BJ: Watch the initial trajectory of pass & then watch players, not ball.
- 8. **HL/LI/BJ**: Consider Angle/Distance/TimIng when moving into position to rule on play.
- 9. CREW: STOP-N-WATCH at moment of Judgment You Can See Much Better!!
- 10. U/HL/LJ/BJ: Move to a position to be a MINIMUM of 5 YDS from Catch. On many plays you must move while ball is airborne for a much better angle to see the play.
- 11. **HL/U**: KEYS Snap/Player(s)/QB/Zone/FB. "Open Door" when players come toward you Let them proceeds toward the GL & officiate as you trail them from behind.
- 12. **HL/U** (R&R1) (Pass in the Flat, Bubble Screen): Read Run or Pass Play Do G/T stand up? Then do backs move wide or receivers drop back? Read QB eyes first look is usually where pass is going. If so, "stay home ". If you rule BP signal & yell "back". It is usually easiest for "back side" **Wing** to rule. However, a "contending" crew will have both **Wings** signal.
- 13. HL/LJ (R&R2) (Short & medium passes): When Wings do not read flat or screen pass move downfield 5 YDS keeping shoulders parallel to SL, then stop. (Over 75% of the passes are 15 YDS or less). The outside receiver(s) is yours. Read receivers in your area. Look back & read passer's eyes—where is he looking? Adjust position for a 5 YD cushion from receiver making catch. "STOP-N-WATCH at moment of Judgment. Straddle SL on SL catch/no catches. Give "catch" signal (2X) on tight SL catch after signaling TO (2X). DO NOT signal "catch" INTO the field, only on SL.
- 14. HL/LJ (R&R3) (Long Pass): Key Thought is "Turn & Burn". Read receiver who runs hard downfield or a "stop & go" pattern. Check QB eyes. Ready to go!
- 15. HL/LI: The 3 R&R's are a "progression" that Wings must do on each play once they read pass. It is very important that Wings "read" play first, then R&R, & flow as dictated by the play. DO NOT MOVE until you have completed R&R1!
- 16. HL/U: When runner moves into far SZ, hustle downfield & move into field toward HM. See players & action behind R/U/BJ. Square off at DBS & swivel head (2X) for DB action.
- 17. BJ: KEYS Snap/Player(s)/QB/Zone/FB. Read G/T for Run or Pass. Inside receiver(s) is yours. Read QB eyes where looking? If R&R1 occurs, move back slowly. No need to back pedal fast unless you read deep pass (R&R3). Do NOT take yourself out of play by back pedaling too quickly. Watch receiver/defender when you know where pass is going. Maintain a 5 YD cushion by "crossing" receiver if he comes to you. Move in opposite direction receiver is moving, thus not trying to outrun him. Lead runner to GL, & stop at GL to rule on TD. Only go back into EZ toward EL when receivers dictate it. Commit sideways only when pass is airborne. Do not move past HM until ball is dead. Move to SL under control ball can wait. Move similar to a windshield wiper, SL to SL,

as needed to support Wings. DB – swivel your head (2X). No need to run to DBS on plays of 10 YDS or less.

### 27. Penalty Enforcement Mechanics (PEM)

- A. U: Penalty Enforcement is yours. Turn to calling official after whistle is sounded.
- B. Calling Official: Give Prelim Signal for foul called after ball is dead. We look STRONG & DECISIVE by giving Prelim Signals ASAP!! If 2 officials have same foul, confer, & then 1 signals. After Prelim Signal, he describes to Wing what happened. Telling Wing "Red #76 held" is not enough. Instead state "Red #76 grabbed defender with his right hand, then turned, & restricted him at the POA" is much better & more accurate explanation.
- C. Calling Official: Be Descriptive more than #88 held; need info to "sell" call.
- D. 10 Sec. Rule: Simple 5 YD DB Foul—Crew GOAL: Mark ball ready w/in 10 seconds.
- E. 10 Sec. Rule: Assumes Center has FB & hands it to U for 5 YD mark off.
- F. R: Find open space immediately & give Prelim Signal; do not walk aroundill
- G. R: Signals 1 Prelim ONLY to PB for 5 YD DBF FST, ENC, DOG, Ill Sub, etc. Otherwise he signals a Prelim & Final Signal to the PB only (Exception: If TV Cameras are located on SL opposite PB then give all signals to both SL's. Check with TV before the game).
- H. U: 98% of Penalties are enforced w/out asking because we know. The 2% we are not sure, we look at HC (Wing by his side) to decide. Wing will tell HC down & distance for both acceptance & declination. Walk or jog off penalty yardage; your choice; get it right!
- I. R/U/HL: 5 YD walk off close to 1st down; ask HL to check tape on the chain.
- J. HL/LJ: Both walk off yardage since one can be distracted by a Coach/Player question; U check w/ them only after walk off. Do not look at them until you reach SS.
- K. BJ: Helps with half distance, automatic first down, & LOD info. Prior to a KO, place FB on ground, signal foul to PB, & walk off yardage. If there are 2 fouls, repeat this mechanic.
- L. CREW: ASK questions NOW -- maybe wrong PE; not in LR. R must give each official a chance to talk, not just the aggressive official when PE is complicated or Crew disagrees.
- M. LJ/BJ: Signal GC Status to R while he signals foul to PB.

### 28. Pre Snap Mechanics (PSM)

- A. CREW: Hustle to IP once the FB is spotted for next down.
- B. R (Wide Side): For GLM, Passes, Punts, RM, & Runs, the R's IP is the Wide Side of the Field. Snap in the middle of the field? R determines Wide Side. R No Longer will ask the HC's whether their QB's or Punters are right/left only Try/FG Kicker.
- C. R/U: Count A 11 Players & Hold Signal for 2 seconds. Get eye contact with each other.
- D. R: Primary Responsibility for A subs in & out of huddle. Mark ball ready after A is behind their LOS unless they delay. Mark ball ready ONLY after down box is set for 1<sup>st</sup> down.
- E. R: If A is at LOS or moving to LOS, Back Peddle Out to IP before marking ball ready.
- F. U: Count 5 Ineligible A Linemen. Check their legal numbers, except for Sub Varsity games.
- **G.** R/U: In Sub Varsity Games the numbering Rule does not apply. Communicate with B if A has an ineligible player's number in an eligible position.
- H. HL/LI: Enforce the Restricted Area Rule. Coaches are allowed only 2 steps on the field.
- I. HL/LJ: Memorize LTG prior to snap for greater awareness of 1st down.
- J. HL/LI: Responsible for substitutes getting off field prior to snap on correct SL.
- K. HL/LJ: Move backfield foot forward so A players can line up. Then place feet parallel & shoulder width, so you can move quickly. Stand up straight to see players better.

- L. HL/⊔ (Balanced Line 7 Players): Count # of players on LOS on your side of Center. Signal each other with both hands & hold for 2 seconds or signal with 1 hand & the other hand/arm used to indicate player(s) closest is off LOS.
- M. HL/LJ (Unbalanced Line 7 Players): Count # of players on LOS on your side of Center, & then Use "2" & "4" fingers to indicate it, & hold for 2 seconds.
- N. HL/LI (Closest Player(s) is Off LOS): Punch off at a 90 degree angle & hold til snap. If he goes in motion, & now closest player is on, drop your arm. If 2 closest players are off LOS, punch them off with 2 fingers in a waving motion to a 90 degree angle. NO signal given for nearest A player on LOS.
- O. HL/LI (Motion Man): Responsible when MM moves on your side of Center.
- P. U (Down Box # is wrong): Point to Down Box repeatedly to get HL's attention. If not, sound your whistle softly & jog in to center of field. BE PROFESSIONAL by not drawing attention to yourself or HL.
- Q. HL/LJ/BJ (Pass Coverage): Based upon formation, know your receiver(s).
- R. BJ: Count B 11 Players & Hold Signal for 2 Seconds. NOTE: 4 Man: U count B 11 Players & Holds Signal for 2 Seconds. BJ: Responsible for B substitutes in & out of huddle. NOTE: 4 Man: U is responsible for B substitutes in & out of huddle
- S. BJ (PC): Signal 5 seconds (with/without a PC), count down with hand; reset PC if needed.

  NOTE: 4 Man: R says 5 seconds & verbalizes 4-3-2-1. U handles PC & signals.
- T. Check Signaling Mechanics for more info.

### 29. Punt Mechanics (PUM)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: KT lines up in punt formation. <u>NOTE:</u> 4 Man: U is downfield with RT receivers (same as a 5 Man BJ). HL/LJ on LOS at SL.
- B. <u>Initial Position (IP):</u>
  - 1. R: 5 YDS Deep & 10 YDS Wide of Punter at 45 degree angle; Wide Side of Field. If Punter is between the 5 YL & GL, R's IP is 10 YDS wide & standing on the GL at a 45 degree angle. If Punter is on GL or in EZ, R stands on EL, 10 YDS Wide.
  - 2. U: 7 YDS off LOS, inside the TE's; opposite R (ONLY applies on punt plays).
  - 3. HL/LJ: On SL (Due to possible OOB Punt)
  - 4. BJ: 8 YDS wide & 5 YDS deep from single receiver. If 1 receiver, favor wide side of field. If ball is snapped in middle of field with 1 receiver, then favor LJ side. If 2 receivers, "split them", 5 YDS Deep. When Receiver(s) has heels on or inside 10 YL, stand on GL.

### C. Read & React (R&R) Then Flow:

- 1. R: Signal Crew when Tee & Kicker enters field. KEYS Snap, Punter Catch, Eligible Backs #'s, Blocking by Backs, & Punter. Inform RT players loudly to "stay off center" & "stay off punter". Count 1001 & 1002 on Center (Foul for direct contact within 2 seconds). Be aware of low snap & Punter's knee. Yell "ball's away" when FB is punted. Determine roughness/ running into. Stay with Punter until there is no threat of a foul.
- 2. R: Jog to LOS, stop, & watch KT/RT. If runback, back peddle & get to GL, if needed.
- 3. U: KEYS Number Exception, Snap, Snapper, Line Play, & TURN-N-WATCH. Watch action on Center after snap. Count 1001 & 1002 on Center (Foul for direct contact within 2 seconds). If punted 30 YDS or less (R&R1), Stand-N-Watch. If punted + 30 YDS (R&R2), jog slowly downfield.
- 4. HL: KEYS Snap, Punter's Catch, Line Play, & Wide Out.
- 5. **HL** (R&R1): Pause before moving downfield & read if punt could be blocked. If snap is over Punter's Head, move into backfield & assist **R**.

- 6. LI: KEYS Snap, Line Play, Blocking Backs, Punt Cross LOS, & Blocking.
- 7. LJ (R&R1): Straddle LOS until Punt crosses LOS (Use down box as reference).
- 8. CREW: if punt is tipped, give the tip signal (2X).
- 9. HL/LJ (R&R2): Punt 30 YDS or less; jog downfield 10 YDS, STOP-N-WATCH KT/RT.
- 10. HL/LJ (R&R3): Punt more than 30 YDS; jog downfield 15 20 YDS watching KT/RT.
- 11. HL/LI: Do NOT "overrun" play; concentrate on blocks ahead of receiver(s).
- 12. HL/LI: Punt OOB -- jog beyond spot, turn w/ arm up & jog back. Once you get to the area where you think it went OOB, WALK SLOWLY, & look for R to chop.
- 13. HL/LI/BJ: Punt rolls OOB deep look to BJ as needed due to his angle. BJ will NOT move to SL on any OOB punt in flight.
- 14. BJ: KEYS Snap, Outside Receiver(s) on LJ side, Signals, 1st Touch, & RT Catch.
- 15. BJ: Drop BB at PSK (Except FG & TB) & 1<sup>st</sup> touching spots. Maintain 5 YD cushion with receiver, initially watching blocks. If receiver "crosses your vision", let him go so you are not straight lined. If IP is GL, stay there until RT runs decisively up field. GL is yours. Once ball is dead help with DBS & swivel your head, then relay new FB.

### 30. Reverse Mechanics (RM)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: Snap will be inside 10YL.
- B. <u>Initial Position (IP)</u>:
  - 1. R: 8 YDS Wide of QB at 45 Degrees on EL (Errant snap). Wide Side of Field. NOTE: if snap is between 10 YL & 15 YL, R's IP is 10 YDS Wide of QB at 45 Degrees on GL.
  - 2. U: 7 YDS off LOS inside TE's, irrespective of R's IP. Vary your position laterally.
  - 3. HL/LJ: 10 YDS outside widest A Player; Never inside #'s.
  - 4. BJ: 20 YDS off LOS & between GP Uprights.
- C. <u>Pre Snap:</u> R will signal both Wings that they have GL by pointing at them & then at GL. Wings confirm this by pointing at themselves & then at GL. Eye contact between R & Wings is a MUST regarding GL responsibility.
- D. Read & React (R&R 1, 2 & 3) Then Flow:
  - 1. R: Remain at EL until no threat, & then move forward. Maintain 5 YD cushion w/QB.
  - R/WINGS: When the Wings have responsibility for the GL, the Wings rule on Safety or the FWP is "in the field of play", NOT the R;
  - 3. Wings (R&R1) (Between 2 YL & GL): Move to GL ASAP! It is important!
  - 4. Wings (R&R2) (Between 5 YL & 2 YL): Slide to GL & read QB & RB. If either is threatened at GL, hustle to GL IMMEDIATELY. Remember the importance of the GL.
  - 5. Wings (R&R3) (Between 10 YL & 5 YL): Pause, reading QB, RB, & B Rushers. If B Rushers threaten QB & RB at GL, move to GL ASAP.
  - 6. NO LONGER IN RM: Once the FB touches 10YL, R has responsibility for GL. R will point to himself & then to GL, signaling Wings that GL is his. Wings will point to GL & then to R confirming that R has GL. If QB rolls toward R "suddenly", R must move along the GL quickly, straddling the GL. Do not "open door" to avoid QB/RB. If QB/RB is tackled at GL, R is the only official that can rule on DBS -- Safety or "in field of play".
  - 7. LI: Punt mechanics take priority over RM. Stay on LOS until punt crosses it.

### 31. Run Mechanics (RUM)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: Snap is between 10YL & + 10YL. Run occurs from scrimmage.
- **B.** <u>Initial Position (IP):</u>
  - 1. R: 15 YDS behind LOS & 8 YDS wide of QB at 45 degree angle. Wide Side of Field.

- 2. U: 7 YDS off LOS inside TE's, irrespective of R's IP. Vary your position laterally. Shoulders parallel to GL.
- 3. HŁ/U: 10 YDS outside widest A Player; Never inside Numbers.
- 4. BJ: 20 YDS off LOS between GP Uprights. Stay at 20 YDS until FB is snapped between + 15 YL & + 10 YL. Then move 5 YDS deep into EZ. When snapped on or inside + 10 YL (GLM) move to EL.

### C. Read & React (R&R) Then Flow:

- 1. R: KEYS: Snap/QB/Handoff/QB/Line Play at Point of Attack (POA). Follow QB if he rolls 10 YD cushion. Eye on QB after handoff. Check line play at POA & action around RB. When QB/RB is tackled Swivel your head (2X) for DBF.
- 2. **U**: KEYS: Snap/Linemen/POA Blocking/RB. Watch interior line play with emphasis at POA. Action on tackled RB. Strong voice after DB to prevent fouls. Action near RB after tackle. Spot Ball: Shoulders parallel to SL. Move off ball guickly after spotting.
- 3. **HL/LJ**: KEYS: Snap/Line Play/Blocks Downfield/RB. Read G & T for Run or Pass Play. Watch line play at POA & receivers ahead of POA. When possible move off SL to mark FWP as long as you do not run past players. As RB moves to opposite SZ/SL, move toward near HM at a 45 degree angle to "clean up" behind **U & BJ**. During early run keep shoulders parallel with SL to maintain perlpheral vision. SL is yours so be ready to "turn & burn" as needed. Check action on RB when tackled. Mark FWP with downfield foot RATHER than staring down at the DBS. **Wings** that hug the SL & never move off the SL are "pretenders", not "contenders." Get off SL without running through & around players. Square off at DBS & swivel your head (2X) for DB action.
- 4. HL/U: Open Door when players come to you. Officiate as you follow them from behind.
- 5. **BJ:** KEYS: Snap/TE & T/Receivers/Line Play Beyond POA/RB. Read G/T for Run/Pass Play. R&R1: Stay "home". Don't back pedal if you read run. R&R2: Move backwards if runner breaks LOS. Check receivers for blocks & crack backs. Check blocks ahead of POA & action on RB when tackled. Swivel head (2X) after RB is tackled for late hits. Talk to "borderline" players.

### 32. Signaling Mechanics (SIM)

- A. The one thing to overemphasize is signaling sharp & crisp signals Be ASSERTIVE!!
- B. Keep your head "up" & swivel your head (2X) when signaling.
- C. Think "one thousand one, one thousand two when signaling; slow & deliberate.
- D. Use a finger whistle? Must still use approved signals (No "one arm" TO signals).
- E. Backward Pass: "Punch Back" & Yell "Back"; Both Wings/R (if angle allows); this includes a QB "pitching" the FB to a running back which is a backward pass.
- F. Balanced Line: Both Wings; 2 Hands @ waist level OR Unbalanced Line: 2 & 4 Fingers at head level or above.
- **G.** Catch (Tight SL): TO Signal (2X) then Catch Signal (2X); Do NOT give catch signals "into" the field (what if another official is signaling incomplete pass!!)
- H. COP by Calling Official Once Ball is Dead: Direction first (2X), then TO signal (2X); Non Calling Officials Signal TO (2X) Upon Seeing COP.
- I. Count Players: 11 (\$12); 10 (10 fingers); 12 ("1" & "2" with both hands).
- J. Double Stakes by R: Crew relays "One Finger for each hand" (2X) above head.
- K. Down Box is wrong: LJ Points Above HL's Head repeatedly. If necessary, use whistle.
- L. First Down: R Signals immediately (1X only): No "chopping".
- M. First Down near SL Inbounds: TO Signal (2X) ONLY Do NOT Wind.

- N. 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup>/3<sup>rd</sup>/4<sup>th</sup> Down: ALL Officials signal next down with 1 Straight Arm <u>only</u> immediately after DB. Signal 4<sup>th</sup> down prior to signaling "crossed arms".
- O. 2<sup>nd</sup>/3<sup>rd</sup>/4<sup>th</sup> Down (Close to a 1<sup>st</sup>): Wings tap their closed fists together (2X) indicating to pinch in once ball is dead.
- P. Formation: Player closest to HL/LI is off LOS: Punch Back & hold on scrimmage plays until snap unless nearest A moves on LOS or goes in motion; if nearest 2 players are off LOS, punch off with 2 fingers in a waving motion to 90 degree angle.
- Q. Foul (Calling Official): After throwing your flag & ball becomes dead by Rule, signal TO (2X), then give a prelim foul signal to R & point to offending team.
- R. Foul (R Signals PB): R moves to 1st Available Open Space; Do NOT Walk Around.
- **S.** 4<sup>th</sup> Down Signal: All officials relay Crossed Arms at shoulder level after 3<sup>rd</sup> down.
- T. GC (Wind) (No First Down): After FB Becomes Dead between #'s & SL, Wing Winds GC (2X) & R Mirrors (2X).
- U. GC (Ready): R faces PB to wind or uses PB side arm if snap is imminent & must watch snap.
- V. GC (Wind): Wind index finger (2X) at shoulder level so R knows to wind GC.
- W. GC (No Wind): Use crossed arms so R does NOT wind GC.
- X. GC: Tap wrist shoulder level, remind Crew status inside 2 minutes each play
- Y. Incomplete Pass Signal: Normal chest high (2X) covering official(s) only. Do NOT follow up an Incomplete Pass signal with a TO signal. Incomplete pass kills GC. Other officials on Crew do NOT signal TO.
- Z. Incomplete Pass Signal: Both Arms Sweep OOB (2X) on Tight SL Play.
- AA. Incomplete Pass Signal: (2X) then Both Arms Give Juggle Signal (2X) on No catch.
- BB. Knee (K/QB) Touched Ground: Point to your knee & ground emphatically (2X).
- CC. Passer (Incomplete Pass or Fumble): Signal Incomplete Pass (2X) then Pass (S34) (2X),
- DD. Point Differential: See Point Differential Rule elsewhere in the Gold Book for signals.
- EE. PC (5 Seconds Left): BJ raises arm w/ 5 fingers & counts down (4-3-2-1). U: 4 Man Crew.
- FF. PC (Reset): BJ raises arm over head & pushes upward (2X).
- GG. Punt OOB: Wing will raise his arm then drop it when R "Chops" him.
- HH. R Marks Ball Ready: Arm high overhead & extend arm straight out to FB.
- II. Reverse Mechanics: R/Wings R Points at Wings & then GL if Wings Have GL; If R has GL (No longer RM), he points at himself & then at GL.
- JJ. Runner Down Before Fumble: Point from your head to waist to Ground (2X).
- KK. Safety: Hold for 2 Seconds.
- LL. Stop Sign: Arm/hand extended 90 degrees toward R to wait for injured player, talk with coach or player, timer to put 12:00 on GC, or any other good reason.
- MM. Tee (S4): Given by R to Crew when Tee is carried on field by KT.
- NN. Direction by Calling Official for Team TO: TO Signal (2X) Followed by Pointing with Both Arms (2X) Toward Team Who Requested TO.
- OO. TO Signal: All Officials signal <u>Stop</u> GC (2X). R signals Team who Called Team TO (2X) with 2 Chucks of Arms toward Team's GL.
- PP. TO: When team uses 3 charged team TO's, R will face PB & pull down on the "steam boat whistle" (2X) & then point to that team (1X).
- QQ.TB: Signal (2X).
- RR. TD: If you see TD, signal TD; Do NOT mirror another official's TD signal if you did not see TD; Hold 2 Seconds; Arms Straight up & Palms Face Inward. R does not mirror TD to PB on successful score. Foul & TD during a down signal TD since that is the result of the play.

- SS. Touching a Pass/Kick at LOS: Anyone who sees it will use S11 (2X).
- TT. Trap & No catch: Incomplete Pass signal then run to spot & "Pound" ground emphatically (2X) when it is a very tight call.
  - (S #) refers to the NFHS Official FB Signal Chart in NFHS Rules Book.

### 33. Third & Fourth Down Mechanics (TFM)

- A. HL/LI: Know where LTG is. Point to LTG to inform other Wing. This is crucial!
- B. HL/LJ: Similar to GLM, move to LTG immediately at snap if LTG is 5 YDS or less. Imperative to be stationary on LTG prior to FB arriving. If GLM are being used, TFM takes priority. Go to LTG.

### 34. Timing & TO Mechanics (TOM)

- **A. CREW:** When GC does not work or is turned off, announce remaining time at 9, 6, 4, & 2 minutes. Once inside 2 minutes attempt to announce the GC time remaining after every play. Use a very loud voice to communicate to benches.
- B. R: Check Scoreboard for the correct number of TO's before marking ball ready.
- C. BJ (GC is stopped): BJ signals R whether GC is started on ready or snap due to LJ talking with HC or walking off penalty. "Top Contending" Crew: Most officials signaling R on most plays. Ask your R He will tell you how much he appreciates it.
- D. R/BJ: Official facing GC rules on snap versus end of period.
- E. LI: Primary Responsibility for GC. He talks with Timer before game, times half time, interrupted game for lightning/thunder, & interval between end of game & OT. Make sure GC starts, when stopped, after R/LI signal wind GC. If it does not start, ALL officials wind GC.
- F. HL/LI: Signal TO (2X) when runner is OOB, not when you reach DBS. Wind GC (2X) when DBS is inbounds between #'s & SL, unless it is an obvious 1<sup>st</sup> down.
- G. CREW: Every official MIRRORS every TO (2X) signal on every play.
- H. CREW: TD, TB, Safety, & Incomplete Pass Signals automatically STOP GC do not follow any of these signals with a TO signal.
- I. CREW (Inside 2 Minutes & All TO's): Someone MUST visibly see GC was stopped on OOB, incomplete passes, TO's, etc—it is that critical.
- J. BJ: Operation of a visible Stadium PC is a Game Management responsibility; NOT the BJ.
- K. R/HL/LI (KO & Start GC): Kick touches or caught by player between HM's R only winds GC. Kick touches or caught by player in SZ R & near Wing wind GC. Crew checks GC Stopped?
- L. CREW (Team TO): When necessary for several officials to get together & talk, then DO IT. But still keep an eye on "your" team as needed.
- M. CREW (Team TO): Calling official Whistle, signal TO (2X), point to team (2X). R signals TO (2X) facing PB, & turns to team's GL & points that way (2X), both arms.
- N. CREW (Team TO): All 5 officials signal TO's REMAINING for both teams to each other & records it. R will give 2 "tugs on steamboat whistle" & point to team's GL while facing PB when they are out of TO's.
- O. HL/LJ: When team is out of TO's, Wing informs HC only.
- P. CREW (GC Stopped): Give "stop signal" to R for unusual delays in marking ball ready.
- Q. R/U/LI (TV Games): LI signals R/U with "stop signal" until TV Coordinator indicates to LI that TV is ready. U stays over FB until LI signals that TV is ready.

### 35. Try-Kick Mechanics (TRYM)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: Try will probably be kicked. (Assume Right Footed Kicker below) NOTE: 4 Man: Wing who looks at R's back goes to EL. Stay at LOS on Muddle Huddle. **U/Wing** (GP Uprights)
- B. <u>Initial Position (IP):</u>
  - 1. R: Plant Leg Side of Kicker. 5 YDS Deep & 10 YDS Wide of Holder, at a 45 degree angle.

- 2. U: GP Upright Opposite PB; BJ: PB GP Upright. U/BJ: Muddle Huddle: Stand on EL.
- 3. HL/LI: Stand on Field #'s at LOS; Muddle Huddle: Stand 2 YDS OOB.

### C. Read & React (R&R) Then Flow:

- 1. R: Signal Crew ASAP when Tee & Kicker come on field. KEYS: Eligible Backs & Holder #, Snap, Catch, NO SAKE, Snapper, Holder, Rushers, & Kicker/Holder. Ask Captain/HC where FB is spotted. Delay marking ball ready until U gets to EL. Inform RT loudly to "stay off center & K/H". Yell "Ball's Away" when FB is kicked to warn RT to avoid K/H. After Kick Watch KT & RT for DBF. Do NOT signal PB on a successful kick. Count 1001/1002 on Center (Foul for direct contact within 2 seconds).
- 2. U: KEYS: Numbering Exception, Snap, Snapper, NO FAKE, & FB. Watch action on Center after snap. Count 1001 & 1002 on Center (Foul for direct contact within 2 seconds). Sound whistle immediately when FB is kicked.
- 3. **HL/U**: KEYS: Snap, FAKE, & Near TE/WB Block. Try Good or No Good/Blocked: Hustle in toward players with Strong voice after FB is kicked. If fake, move immediately to GL, 2 YDS outside Pylon.
- 4. HL/U (Muddle Huddle): Hustle to #'s if KT shifts to a Try-Kick.
- 5. R/HL/LJ: Fake Try short of GL, Wings marks FWP Only. R signals No Score to PB when Runner is short of GL only.
- 6. U/BJ: Fake -- stays on EL. Good -- Both signal Try Good & move 2 YDS straight ahead into EZ; Not good -- Both move 2 YDS straight ahead & signal no score ONLY (2X).
- 7. CREW: Huddle after Try only if absolutely necessary.

### 36. Victory Formation Mechanics (VCM)

- A. <u>Definition</u>: Winning team HC informs officials we are "going to take a knee". Opponent is out of team TO's or tells **Wing** that we will not use them. Winning Team is ahead by 9 or more points. If the score differential is 8 or less points tell the teams to "defend themselves".
- **B. CREW:** Officials pinch in close. **R/U:** Inform A & B that A will take a knee—nothing rough. QB has protection once his team indicates he will take a knee. **R:** Emphatically inform QB he MUST take a knee ASAP no fakes. If he fakes & does not take a knee, it is an Unfair Act.
- C. CREW: Ask winning team HC if his team will take a knee; score/time dictates this. If yes, Wing assertively informs losing team HC. Inform all players loudly. Communication is important!!

### 37. Whistle Mechanics (WM)

- A. R: Mark ball ready when clear of all players
- B. Sound your whistle (SEE LEATHER) when ball is dead by Rule. Not more than 1 or 2 whistles; rarely 3. Who has primary coverage? Contending Crew has Great whistle Discipline.
- C. Ball dead by Rule 1 only strong short whistle blast by covering official(s); keep whistle in mouth until threat of a DBF is over. Whistle on every play NO Exceptions.
- D. Repeated blasts of whistle to indicate: Foul away from play; TO; HC Requests Info; Stop Play for Something Unusual; "Fighting", or "Opponents talking with each other".
- E. Plastic Whistle only. Carry whistle in your hand only during down, not in your mouth.
- F. Finger whistle use OHSAA Approved Hand Signals with both arms, if needed.
- G. Whistle can be in mouth prior to snap. Drop or remove it from mouth after snap.

### Observer Instructions: Volunteering Their Time to Improve Officiating

NOTE: Think Constructive Comments, Constructive Comments - Be Positive

- 1. Print CLEARLY; use OHSAA Abbreviations as much as possible to save space.
- 2. **BOTTOM COPY GIVEN TO CREW**; top copy forwarded to League Assigner during regular season & Bruce Maurer (DOD), via email scan or mailed to his home address during the State Tournament.
- 3. We view ourselves as a teacher & mentor we are there to help officials improve not to grade them.
- 4. Please read & learn the 10 Commandments by Ed Hochuli on the other Observation Form (Reminders) -- excellent thoughts for our observers.
- 5. OHSAA Observation Forms are an Improvement Mechanism. Discuss "What Went Well" & "What Can We Do Better". Discussion must be open & frank. Ask questions rather than lecture.
- 6. Assess Game Administration & Game Management. Does the game flow with minimal delayed crew conferences? Does the Crew manage the game without being noticed much by the spectators?
- 7. Be Respectful of the Crew's time hold discussions to 15 to 20 minutes after the game (10 minutes at halftime) unless it is a very unusual & challenging game that requires additional time.
- 8. All observations are **BASED** upon the OHSAA Gold Book Standards **ONLY** —please no personal preferences!
- 9. Ask R privately to ask his Crew for their attention no getting undressed or taking a shower. Let's be respectful of each other.
- 10. If possible, sit down with the officials, officiating chain crew (if OHSAA Officials) & their guests ONLY immediately after the game in the locker room to cover your comments.
- 11. Before discussing your observation, ask the Crew what are their thoughts on mechanics, communications, game management, & game pace.
- 12. Concentrate on observing the IP & R&R Then Flow on 11 Different Types of Plays for each official initially.
- 13. Watch each official individually: Do they "read the play" for a pass vs. a run? How do they react to a short pass vs. a medium or a long pass (R&R1, R&R2, R&R3)?
- 14. Listen to whistles when the ball becomes dead: 1 or 2 whistles or is the entire Crew "ball watching" by sounding their whistles?
- 15. Hand Signals: Is the Crew using the OHSAA Approved Hand Signals listed in the Gold Book? Do they signal stop the clock & incomplete pass in a slow & professional manner?
- 16. Communication: How is Crew communicating verbally & nonverbally with each other, PB & HC's?
- 17. Time Management: Enforcing DB LOS Fouls within 10 seconds, TO's limited to 60 seconds, & KO's after 60 seconds have elapsed after the Try?
- 18. Restricted Area: Does Crew enforce the Restricted Area & give SL Warnings when warranted?
- 19. Dead Ball Officiating: Do officials "chase the ball" or do they watch players on & off the field until there is no threat of a dead ball foul?
- 20. Back Side Wings: "married to the Sl." or do they move on to the field & actively officiate the play?
- 21. BJ: Back pedal too soon & takes himself out of the play or does he R&R. Is he an integral part of the Crew throughout the game? Does he signal R on clock status?
- 22. Field Presence: Does the Crew hustle & communicate, have good "game pace", look like "they know what they are doing", & enjoy officiating?
- 24. Observers Mantra: Consistency! Consistency! Comments are based on the OHSAA A FB Gold Book! (6/1/16)

### **Observer Reminders**

Ed Hochuli's "Ten Commandments of Observing" Released on My Referee: October 2009 Copyright© Referee Enterprises, Inc. (Paraphrased 6/1/16)

Let's keep some things in mind when evaluating/observing/teaching:

- 1. Be Fair and Impartial. We know many of the officials we are watching. That shouldn't, & can't, affect our opinions. We must be above reproach.
- 2. We Do Not Know All the Answers. Find our why he did what he did before offering constructive comments. Find out what happened & why. Then offer suggestions on how it might have been done better.
- 3. <u>Be Constructive</u>. Remember the purpose of observers is to improve the officiating quality. The only way your comments can help an official improve is if you share them. Go in the locker room at halftime & after the game. Go over all your notes with the entire crew. If not, call the **R**. It is imperative that we share all comments with them both good & constructive.
- 4. <u>Be Consistent</u>. The biggest complaint is we are inconsistent. We need to give everyone the same info. **Study** & **Learn** the OHSAA Gold Book Approved Standards for FB Officiating Mechanics.
- 5. Do Not be a Distraction. If the R invites us to the pregame, we should go if we can, but never go into the official's locker room without being invited by the R. Call the R before the game and ask permission to come into the locker room.
- 6. <u>Be Discreet with Your Constructive Comments</u>. Our comments should be shared with the crew, but not with other officials or coaches. We should be a positive influence on the program, & should never criticize officials to other officials or coaches,
- 7. <u>Praise at Least Three Times as Much as You Criticize</u>. We all know people respond better to positive comments than negative, so whenever possible, cast even your criticisms in a positive manner perhaps by praising someone else on the crew as a means of pointing out to another crew member a better way "to do it."
- 8. Do Not be Afraid to Say "I Do Not Know". Often we are asked what we thought about a particular play, whether the pass was caught, what the proper mechanic or Rule is, or what happened on a particular play. And often we don't know.
- 9. <u>Do Not Judge Fouls from the Stands</u>. Our job as observers is primarily "mechanics oriented" rather than "foul oriented." When discussing "foul oriented" questions ask the official (s) "what did you see?" This allows us to assess & comment on their rules knowledge. We will occasionally be able to comment on a foul, but normally, we won't see it, or we won't get nearly as good a look at it as the official did.
- 10. <u>Do Not Forget What It is Like to be on the Field</u>. Remember how quickly things happen on the field. Remember the angles on the field are different & people can be screened or distracted by other action.

### Officiating Tips - Professionalism - We Will Be the Best

6/1/16

### 1. Officiating Reminders: Professional & Pleasant

Treat all coaches & players with courtesy & respect. Offer brief explanations when necessary. Bring potential problems to the attention of the HC. Notify HC's when it is time to leave the Locker Room at halftime.

### 2. Official's Professionalism

- A. Check the <u>WWW.OHSAAFB.COM</u> website weekly for the latest information.
- B. Read & know the <u>OHSAA Handbook for Officials</u> now located on the website only (OHSAA.ORG, select officiating, then select Directory of Information).
- C. Officials need to be aware that their actions are being observed at all times.
- D. Rules Knowledge: Know the Rules & Officiating Mechanics. Read & study weekly Q's & A's that are on our website. They cover Rules, Mechanics, & Regulations.
- E. An official's personal opinion about a Rule must not to have an effect on enforcement of it.
- F. Keep yourself physically & mentally fit. Remember that each year you are a year older & the players are the same age.
- G. Every game we officiate let's ask each other "how did I do" & "what can I/we do to get better before our next game".
- H. Remember that the "Only Dumb Question Is The One We Do Not Ask".
- I. Always act in a manner to be a worthy example to those for whom & with whom you are working.
- J. Your responsibilities extend to fellow officials & you must work as one member of the officiating team.
- K. Make decisions promptly & fairly based upon the Rules regardless of the school, coach, score, or crowd.
- L. Keep in mind your first Goal is your SAFETY as well as the SAFETY & general welfare of those that you are officiating.
- M. Read & know the OHSAA FB Regulations.
- N. Be systematic, prompt, & business-like in all your dealings.
- O. Honor every contract; even if it means not being able to take a "higher level game" or to travel less miles.
- P. Build a schedule through hard work, dedication, study, reflection, & enthusiasm.
- Q. Wear only the proper uniform. Maintain a neat & credible appearance.

### Overtime (OT): Rules

- 1. <u>Policy:</u> OHSAA requires that all Varsity Contests <u>ONLY</u> have a winner (no ties) & must use this OHSAA OT Procedure. OT is <u>NOT</u> used in any Sub varsity Games (JV/Frosh/8<sup>th</sup>/7<sup>th</sup> Grade). OT Period starts when the **R** signals "End of 4<sup>th</sup> Period". Commissioners/Assigners & Officials may **NOT** modify these OT Rules.
- 2. Do NOT use the OT Procedure in the NFHS Rules Book. It is different from these OHSAA OT Rules.
- 3. <u>Definition</u>: An OT Period is defined as the Home Team (HT) & Visiting Team (VT) each having a series.
- 4. <u>Start</u>: Both teams go to their team boxes for a maximum 3 minute intermission. **Crew** meets at 50 YL, reviews OT, & discusses penalty enforcement (no Post Scrimmage Kick enforcement); including any carry-over penalties from 4<sup>Th</sup> period that could be assessed to start OT. **HL/U** (VT HC) & BJ/LJ (HT HC) will answer any Head Coach's (HC) questions.
- 5. <u>Coin Toss (CT):</u> VT chooses "heads" or "tails". Winner: Choice of defense or offense first, or end of field to play. Loser: other choice. R indicates CT winner; place a hand on his shoulder. To indicate offensive team, R has that captain's face the Goal Line (GL) his team will advance. Indicate with first down signal. Other captain faces offensive captain with his back to GL he will defend. There is only one CT in OT.
- 6. <u>Time Out's (TO)</u>: 1 TO/team/OT period. Unused TO's do not carry over from 4<sup>th</sup> Period to OT or from one OT Period to the next OT Period.
- 7. <u>Timing</u>: GD is turned off. PC is used. Maximum 2 minute intermission between OT Periods, regardless of the number of OT Periods played, & a 1 minute intermission after a team scores.
- 8. Start First OT Period: Each team has a series of downs. Offensive team: (A), 1<sup>ST &</sup> 10, B's 20 YL or Succeeding Spot (SS) (if carry-over penalty has been enforced). A has 4 downs. A is awarded a new series when a 1<sup>st</sup> down is made. Line to Gain (LTG) is established 10 YDS in advance when a new series is awarded. If LTG is not reached, opponent starts on offense. After first team on offense has completed its series, defense becomes offensive team, 1<sup>st</sup> & 10, at the same 20 YL, anywhere between the HM's.
- 9. <u>Direction</u>: Both teams play at the same end of the field during an OT Period.
- 10. COP: If B gains possession, ball is dead immediately. A's series has ended,
- 11. Scoring: A may score by FG, TD, & Try ONLY. B cannot score. If A scores a TD, then do the Try, unless points would not affect the game outcome. Team with the most points at the end of an OT Period wins. Final score: Combine points scored in regulation & all OT Periods.
- 12. <u>Score Tied After 1<sup>st</sup> OT Period</u>: If the score remains tied after each team has been on offense in an OT Period, then play more OT periods until a winner is determined.
- 13. <u>Subsequent Captains Meeting</u>: Loser of OT CT has first choice of options (See # 5 above). Additional OT periods: Option choice is alternated (no CT).
- 14. <u>A Awarded New Series</u>: A shall be awarded a new series when any of the following occurs: 1. LTG is reached; 2. Kicking Team (KT) recovers a FGA between the GL's after it has been touched <u>First</u> by Receiving Team beyond the Neutral Zone; & 3. B is guilty of roughing kicker/holder/snapper/passer. (6/1/16)

### Overtime (OT): Penalty Enforcement

### 1. Basic Rule

Succeeding Spot (SS) fouls which occur: A. During last play of the game; B. During the last play of an OT Period; or C. Dead ball fouls which occur after the last play of a game or OT Period. These can be carried over to OT, unless a TD is scored on that play, in which case the penalty can only be enforced on the Try.

# 2. <u>Fouls that carry over from Regulation to the First Play of OT (or from one OT Period to the following OT Period)</u>

- SS fouls during last timed down of a game or last play of an OT Period, if a TD was not scored.
- Dead Ball fouls (DBF) after last play of a game or last play of an OT Period if TD was not scored during play.
- SS fouls on a Try, if the Try follows a TD on last play of a regulation/OT period.
  - o Unsportsmanlike (UNS) fouls during or after the Try on A or B.
  - O Non player fouls or non-player UNS fouls during the Try on A or B.
  - O DBF after the Try on either A or B.
  - o Fouls on B during the Try, if A accepts the result of the play & chooses penalty enforced from the SS. (These include: Fouls by B or RT on a successful Try or FG; DBF after last play of the game or before OT; UNS or non-player fouls during or after the Try on A or B; in OT, non-player, UNS, & DBF are penalized at SS.)

## 3. Fouls that do NOT carry over from Regulation to the First Play of OT (or from one OT Period to the following OT Period)

- A foul by an opponent of scoring team on last play of regulation/OT Period during a down in which a TD was scored. Scoring team can only accept this penalty on Try.
- A UNS or non-player fouls by either team on the last play of regulation/OT Period on a down which a TD is scored. Offended team can only accept this penalty on the Try.
- If a TD is scored on the last play of regulation/OT Period & there is a foul after scoring down, but prior to the initial ready for the Try, for which the basic spot is the SS, the offended team can only accept this penalty on the Try.

### Overtime (OT): Plays & Rulings

- 1. Play. Last timed down of 4<sup>th</sup> period. A 1 scores TD, score now B 22 & A 20. On a Try A 2 passes to A 3 for successful Try (2 points). After Try, B 1 commits UNS. Ruling. B 1 UNS foul is enforced at SS to begin first OT Period. R explains to Home Team (HT) & Visiting Team (VT) Captain's prior to Coin Toss (CT).
- 2. Play. Last time down of 4<sup>th</sup> period. A scores TD & score is A 13 B 14. A has successful Try-Kick & B 1 roughs kicker/holder. Ruling. If A accepts score, penalty is enforced to start OT. If A accepts penalty, Try will be replayed at the 1½ YL.
- 3. Play. End of 4<sup>th</sup> period score is tied. After last down of 4<sup>th</sup> period, A 1 strikes B 1. Ruling. DQ A 1. Enforce personal foul at SS. If A is first on offense in OT, it is A 1<sup>st</sup> & 10 on B 35 YL. If B is first on offense it is B 1<sup>st</sup> & G on 10 YL. OHSAA OT: <u>Ball is initially placed</u> at 20 YL.
- 4. Play. 4<sup>th</sup> Period ends with a TD. During A's successful 2 point Try, B 9 commits Defensive Pass Interference (DPI). A makes successful 2 point Try which ties game & results in OT. A elects to take DPI penalty at SS to begin OT. R explains to HT & VT Captain's prior to CT in OT.
- 5. Play (OT). Home Team used all 3 TO's in the 2<sup>nd</sup> half & now their HC asks for a TO after the OT Toss & prior to the R signaling the ready. Ruling. Legal. OT starts once R signals "End of Period" for 4<sup>th</sup> Qt.
- 6. Play (OT). Regulation game ends in a tie. In OT, A wins CT & selects offense. A 1 scores TD. After A 1 scores TD: (a) A 2 clips B 1 or (b) B 1 strikes A 2. Ruling. DBF in both (a) & (b). TD counts. Penalties in both (a) & (b) are enforced at SS, the Try.
- 7. Play (OT). A 4<sup>th</sup> & 5. TD by A. After score, but before Try, B 1 commits UNS. Ruling. Penalty enforced at SS on Try. Non player, UNS, & DBF are penalized at SS.
- 8. Play (OT). A 3<sup>rd</sup> & G on B 4 YL. B recovers fumble or intercepts pass. Ruling. Down & series ends with B's fumble recovery or intercepted pass. B cannot return them. <u>Ball is dead immediately.</u>
- 9. Play (OT). A  $3^{rd}$  & G on B 4 YL. Attempted FG by A is unsuccessful & B 1 recovers FB on 1 YL. Ruling. Down & series ends for A with Change of Possession.
- 10. Play (OT). A 3<sup>rd</sup> & G on B 4 YL. B commits DPI on incomplete pass. Ruling. A 3rd & G on B's 2 YL.
- 11. Play (OT). A 2<sup>nd</sup> & G on B 9 YL. A commits OPI on incomplete forward pass. Ruling. A 2<sup>rd</sup> & G on B 24.
- 12. Play (OT). A  $4^{th}$  & G on B 6 YL. Attempted FG by A is unsuccessful. B 1 roughs kicker/holder. Ruling, A  $1^{st}$  & G on B 3 YL. Automatic first down for roughing kicker/holder.
- 13. Play (OT). Home Team (HT) chooses offense first. HT (A) scores TD. During successful Try-Kick, B 1 roughs holder. Ruling. Since HT (A) accepts result of the play (successful Try-Kick), penalize VT (B) at SS. It will be VT ball 1st & 10 at the 35 YL.
- 14. Play (OT). HT chooses offense first, scores TD & Try-Kick. They huddle in front of their bench. Ruling. Due to the A score, there is a 1 minute intermission after Try.
- 15. Play (OT). HT chooses offense first & their series ends with no 1st down. They huddle in front of their bench. VT is on the field ready to play. Ruling. The teams must switch sides of the LOS & begin a new series immediately with no break. Do not allow the VT to put the ball in play until the HT is on the field. Penalize HT for delay of game, if warranted.
- 16. Play (OT). Scoreless 1<sup>st</sup> OT Period. B lost OT CT. B has choice & chooses to play 2<sup>nd</sup> OT Period at opposite field end from where 1<sup>st</sup> OT was played. Ruling. Yes.

### Point Differential: OHSAA Rule, Plays/Rulings, & Mechanics

During the 2<sup>nd</sup> half, any time the score differential reaches 30 points or more the game clock (GC) will be stopped only when: 1. An official's time-out is called for an injured player; 2. A charged time-out is called; 3. A change of possession (COP) occurs at the end of the down; 4. At the end of a period; 5. A score occurs; or 6. An extended delay. The GC will start again on the ready for play (RFP) signal for the first play after the above situations. The GC will continue to run in all other situations. (The use of this Rule does not preclude the use of NFHS Rule 3-1-3). After the 30 point differential has been met, if the score drops below 30 points, the GC reverts to regular timing rules. Communicate with HC's when it starts. It is imperative the LI meets with the Timer before the game to review this Rule at all levels.

### Plays/Rulings below occur under the OHSAA Point Differential Rule during the 2<sup>nd</sup> half, unless noted.

- 1. Play: Crew arrives at the field for a game. Ruling. After completing prelim duties the LJ will discuss this Rule with the Timer. Give the Timer a card listing the Rules & emphasize the R mechanics for starting & stopping the GC.
- 2. Play. Late in 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter A scores & goes ahead 31-0. Ruling. The Point Differential Rule does NOT start until the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter. Standard timing rules are used for the entire 1<sup>st</sup> half.
- 3. Play. A scores a TD & goes ahead 31 0. Ruling. Point Differential Rule starts when the R marks the ball RFP & winds the GC for the KO or, in middle school, for 1<sup>st</sup> down. The GC does not run during the Try. The **Wings** will notify both HC's that the Point Differential Rule is in effect.
- 4. Play. A is ahead 31 0. KT KO's to RT & RT runs it back to 30 YL. Ruling. GC stops since there was a COP at the end of the down. The GC starts when the R marks the ball RFP & winds the GC.
- 5. Play. A is ahead 31 0. A- 1 throws a pass that is intercepted. B-1 returns it 10 YDS & is tackled. Ruling. GC is stopped since there was a COP at the end of the down. When the R marks the ball RFP he will wind the GC.
- 6. Play. A is ahead 31 0. A-1 throws pass, B-1 intercepts, B-1 returns, hit, fumbles, & A-3 recovers the fumble. Ruling: Since A has the ball at the end of the down, the GC continues to run. The same ruling would apply on a KO or punt play.
- 7. Play. A is behind 31-0. A scores a TD & 1 point Try. Score is now B-31 & A-7. Ruling. Since the score differential is now less than 30 points, revert to NFHS timing rules. Tell HC's.
- 8. Play. A is ahead 31-0. It is a hot & humid game & R stops game for extra water breaks. Ruling. This is an extended delay. Stop the GC for the water breaks, then R marks ball RFP & winds GC.
- 9. Play. A is ahead 31-0. A-3 is called for holding. Ruling. The GC continues to run.
- 10. Play. A is ahead 31 0 with 2 minutes left. A HC tells **HL** he will not snap the ball again. **R** will invoke Consume Time, & the GC will be stopped for the DOG & will be wound on the snap.

### Mechanics:

- 1. When the Point Differential Rule is enforced the R will point at the timer, tap his wrist, & give a wind signal with his index finger. R will face the timer each time he needs to wind the GC.
- 2. Other members of the Crew will continue to use Gold Book Signaling. LJ will mirror R's wind.
- 3. It is the timer's responsibility to know the Rule & then start/stop the GC as needed. (6/1/16)

## Summary of OHSAA FB Regulations That Apply to Officials

NOTE: These Regulations are summarized from the OHSAA FB Manual. Officials may view the Manual at <a href="https://www.ohsaa.org">www.ohsaa.org</a>, select sports, select FB, & select FB Manual on the left hand side. (6/1/16)

#### 1. Alcohol, Illegal Drugs, & Tobacco

- A. Officials: Prohibited from using any form of alcohol, illegal drugs, or tobacco at playing site.
- B. Officials: No intake of alcoholic beverages on game day until after the game.

#### 2. Bands

A. Shall not play music or sound a whistle while QB calls signals or ball is live. Band shall not perform behind VT's bench area. If this occurs, contact Game Management who will correct it. If either band delays the start of the 1st or 3rd periods, assess a delay of game penalty against the home team.

#### 3. Coaching Phones

A. No OHSAA Policy or NFHS Rules regarding # of phones or whether they operate or not.

#### 4. Crews Using 6 or 7 Officials

A. CCA Mechanics used. Officials working games with 6 or 7 officials cannot be rated & the game (s) does not count toward the 8 games needed for tournament eligibility.

#### 5. DQ, Ejections & Special Reports

- A. Officials: Required to file an Ejection Form online (OHSAA.ORG, select Officiating Home, select Ejection Form for each coach/player that is ejected within 48 hours. This includes ejections for UNS or Personal Fouls (Contact) during a 7<sup>th</sup> 12<sup>th</sup> grade game.
- B. Coaches DQ for UNS: Will be ineligible to coach at all levels of games played until he sits out 1 game at level ejected. DQ Coach must be away from playing vicinity area. He cannot go into the stands.
- C. UNS assessed to assistant coaches, trainers, & replaced players are not charged to the HC.
- D. Player DQ for UNS: Must remain on team bench. He cannot be in uniform the following week.
- E. Special Report required: 1. Game terminated before time expired by Rule (info includes, but not limited to, circumstances, time, & score). It is preferred games be played so time on GC has expired; & 2. Team refuses to continue playing or HC removes team from field.

#### 6. Drones (Unmanned Aerial Vehicles)

A. Prohibited during State Playoffs. During Weeks 1-10 & scrimmages it is the decision of the HS.

#### 7. Field Conditions

- A. The field is very muddy with standing water, snow, or ice: Game will be played.
- B. The field is marked incorrectly. Play the game then report it to OHSAA.
- C. Lights go out on one side of stadium prior to or during the game. If both HC's agree, play the game.

#### 8. Forfeited Game or No Contest

A. Any scheduled regular season contest which is not started due to unforeseen circumstances, such as failure of team to arrive, strike, or school closing is a "no contest" or a forfeit. "No contests" are not included in won-lost statistics. OHSAA may declare a forfeit when a team (s) refuses to reschedule.

#### 9. Game Footballs

A. Weeks 1 – 10: Each team shall provide 1 or more legal FB (s) for use. Weeks 1 – 15: Ideally, varsity officials shall receive FB's 1 hour before KO. Weeks 11- 15: Official FB is Wilson GST. Teams provide 3 legal FB's (can use any Wilson FB). When approving FB's disregard tackiness. Foreign substances that leave a residue on the FB are illegal.

#### 10. Game Clock (GC)

A. Turn GC off after 3<sup>rd</sup> time Operator must be corrected or GC malfunctions (3 Strikes).

#### 11. Halftime (Weeks 1 – 10, Varsity Only)

- A. If both teams use a common exit area from field at end of 1<sup>st</sup> half, officials "hold" HT until VT has time to clear field. GC starts when HT & VT have reached their Locker Rooms.
- B. Intermission: Halftime is **NOT** extended by a Host School Request. 20 minutes plus 3 minutes for warm up. 20 & 3 must appear on GC separately. HT & VT must be in stadium for 3 minute warm-up. However, players do not have to warm up.
- C. HT: LJ/BJ shall notify HT HC (4 minute warning) & escort HT to field
- D. VT: U/HL shall notify VT HC (4 minute warning) & escort VT to field.
- E. When HT & VT refuse to enter field first, HT must enter first.

#### 12. Host Schools Responsibilities for Officials

- A. Must provide adequate security for officials & their vehicles upon arrival through departure.
- B. Held responsible to sponsored student sections that attack or single out student- athletes.
- C. Shall refrain from showing replays on video boards where an officiating call could be considered a substantial part of the play.
- D. Shall "police" the throwing of snowballs or missiles of any type, by spectators & others, & discourage bands & cheerleaders, etc. from participating in unsporting conduct.
- E. If A/B/C/D above occur, officials report this to Game Management who will correct it.
- F. Shall provide a private meeting/locker room for officials' 2 hours before game time.

#### 13. Length of Game (Maximum)

A. Varsity: 12 minutes; JV: 10 minutes required; Freshmen: 10 minutes; 7<sup>th</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup>: 8 minutes.

#### 14. Officials Authority

- A. Begins: When they arrive on field 35 minutes before scheduled game time.
- B. Ends: When all paperwork, reports, & other duties for the game are complete (Rule 1-1).

#### 15. Officials Required Meetings

- A. 4 Local Meetings required. Check www.myohsaa.org, log in, select Local Meetings, & select FB.
- B. 1 State Rules Interpretation Meeting (SRI) required. Check at www.myohsaa.org, select State Meeting, & select FB for dates & locations. Online dates: July 26 (4PM) thru August 19 (must be finished by 11;59PM). From August 20 thru August 25 call OHSAA, pay \$50, & secure access to the SRI Site. Beginning August 26 special permission must be requested to gain access to the SRI Site.
- C. SRI: To receive credit for face to face meetings (no fee) an official must arrive on time & stay until conclusion. Officials will receive credit for 1 SRI & 1 Local Meeting. Online Meeting: Officials need to complete the entire meeting & registration protocol.
- D. Officials who fail to attend 1 SRI meeting will be suspended the following year. Attendance is required to be eligible for State Tournament Assignments in the current year.

#### 16. Play Clock (PC)

- A. Mutual consent is not needed. Turn them off after 3<sup>rd</sup> time PCO is corrected (3 Strikes).
- B. PC Operator (PCO) will meet with BJ prior to game. PCO starts PC on R signal & reset PC to 25 on snap or R's signal (upward hand push). PCO keeps PC at zero if it runs out before snap. If GC is running, PCO turns off PC with less than 25 seconds left on GC in a period (if stopped, run PC). Under no conditions will Crew operate visible stadium PC.

#### 17. Player Equipment

- A. VT: white jerseys. HT: non-white jerseys. Enforce Numbering Requirements during Varsity Games. Numbering requirements do not apply to sub varsity games. Communicate differences to HT/VT HC.
- B. HC's received communications from OHSAA about Mandatory Compliance with NFHS PEQ Rules. Officials are to enforce them. When arriving on field 35 minutes prior to KO, take a careful look at HT & VT regarding wearing legal PEQ. It is easier to make necessary changes to PEQ prior to KO.
- C. Awareness Game (All Levels): Team must have prior OHSAA approval (accept word of Game Management that OHSAA approved). All players must appear in the same legal uniform.
- D. Clear & White Mouth Guards: Suggest team use a colored marker on it so it becomes legal.

## 18. Pre-Game Warm-up (Weeks 1 - 10 Varsity Only)

- A. Host school shall coordinate pre-game with HC, bands, & officials. Area between 45 YL's must be clear 20 minutes prior to KO for CT. CT Time can be earlier for a special ceremony if Game Management has notified VT in advance. Set GC for 30 minutes before game.
- B. Both FB teams shall arrive on field prior to stated KO time. If not, penalize UNS Foul.
- C. If necessary, HT shall take field first as instructed by officials to prevent delay of game.
- D. Host school must communicate starting time change to VT & officials.

#### 19. Scrimmages

- A. Officials can DQ players & coaches at scrimmages. They will not participate in the Week 1 contest. Complete an OHSAA Ejection Report online.
- B. Maximum Length: 9<sup>th</sup> 12<sup>th</sup> is 3 hours/team; 7th & 8<sup>th</sup> are 2 hours per team (Exception: Scrimmage delayed due to inclement weather). Do not count inclement weather delay for the time allowed.
- C. If officials need to leave after the original scheduled end time of the scrimmage, then they should.

#### 20. Sportsmanship

A. Officials & Coaches are expected to make no derogatory comments regarding players, coaches, schools, or each other. Failure to follow this will result in disciplinary action.

## 21. 7th & 8th Grade Modified Rules

- A. Four 8 minute periods; 10 minute halftime & 3 minute warm-up. Point Differential Rules apply.
- B. Teams will **NOT** free kick. The RT will put FB in play by a snap at the YL, 25 YDS in advance from what is KT's Restraining Line. Unless changed by a foul, it is the RT's 35 YL.
- C. Safety: Same Rule as above. Placed 25 YDS beyond what would normally be KT's 20 YL for safety, move FB 25 YDS from 20 YL which is 45 YL. The opponent snaps FB at their + 45 YL (they only have 45 YDS to go for a score).
- D. VT is late to game site. The decision regarding warm up time prior to game is made by HT Game Management/HT HC & the VT HC. Officials are not involved in this decision.
- E. Numbering Rules do not apply. Ask HC's before game. Tell players during game prior to snap if a player with an ineligible number is positioned in an eligible position.

#### 22. Sideline Safety

A. SL MUST be clear of players & coaches from SL to 6' outside SL. Officials -- enforce it.

#### 23. Overtime (OT)

A. OT is NOT played in Sub Varsity Games. OT is played in Varsity Games ONLY.

#### 24. Whistle in Stands

A. Officials report to Game Management who will correct it. Apply inadvertent whistle Rule. If players pause, slow down, or stop when they hear the whistle, then stop play.

Automatic first down	10-1-7	Contact official inten,	.9-4-2	-Illegal	.2-9-5	Helbing runner	<u>Q</u>
Back	2-32-3	Dead Ball	.2-1-1	Valid signal	2-9-3	Hit player out of play	9-4-36
Backward pass	2-31(5,6)	-Plays causing	.4-2-2	-Dead ball after	4-2-2g	Holder-	<u>-</u>
illegal batting	.9-7-3	-Loose ball	4-2-2e	False start	7-1(7,8)	-Down exception.	4-2-2a1.2
Ball-illegal	1-5-3a2	Dead ball foul	2-16-2a	Field Goal,,,,,,	4.	Horse collar	9-4-3K
Ball-in play	4-1	-Enforcement	.10-2-5	Fighting	2-11	Huddle	
Ball out from ez	5-3-4	-Offsetting of	.10-2-5	-Leaving bench	9-8-1L	Hurdling	.2-22
Ball specs	.1-3-1	Dead ball spot	.2-41-3	-Also	9-4-1	-Penalty for	9-4-3d
Basic spot	2-41-1	-Exception: See	5-3-4	First touching	2-12	Illegal block	9-3-1
-Also	4.01.	Defenseless player	.2-32-16	of free Kick	6-1-6	-Kick catch int	9-3-19
Battingdef.	2,2,	Delay of game	.3-6-2	-of scrim kick	.6-2-5	-After fair cat, Sig.	8.6.6.
-Illegal-inci bw pass	9-7(2-4)	Double foul	2-16-2b	-cancelled	.5-1-6	-On kicker, holder.	4.5-6,
- Exception	After a2	-Also	.10-2-1	Flagrant foul	2-16-2c	-On kickoff by K	8-5-6
Blocking	.2-3(1-9)	Down	.2-7-1	Force	.2-13-1	Illegal Equip	1-3-0
-offensive loose ball	.2-3-4	-Correction by R	5-1-1b	-Responsibility	.2-13-2	Illegal formation	7-2(1-3)
-defensive loose ball	2-3-5	Downs- series of	τζί <u>7-</u>	-Not new force	.2-13-3	Illegal fwd pass	7-5-2
Blocking below waist	2-3-7	-After penalty	5.2	-Not a factor	2-13-4	-Also	.7-5-3
-Also,	8-3-2	Drop kick	.2-24-6	-Safety+tb	.8-5-1	-Table	.7-5
Block in back	.2-5-2	Eligib, pass receiver	7-5-6	Formations	.2-14-1	Illegal handing	7-3(2,3)
-When in doubt	2-5-3	Encroachment	,2 8	Forward pass	2-31(2-4)	Illegal helmet contact	.2-20-1
Butt blocking	.2-20-1a	-Also	6-1-3	-Also	.7-5-1	-Butt blocking	2-20-1a
-penalty for	.94-3 <u>.</u>	-Also	7-1(5,6)	-Tbl-fouls during	7-5	-Face tackling	2-20-1b
Captaín	.2-32-5	Ending period		Forward progress	2-15(1-2)	-Spearing	2-20-1c
Catch	4-2.	End of run spot	.2-41-9	Foul- Player	2-16-2g	-Penalty for	9-4-3i
Chains see LTG Eqpt		Enforcement spot	,2-41-2	Free block zone	2-17(1-5)	2-17(1-5)   Illegal kick	.2-24-9
Chop block	.2-3-8	Equipment Specs		Free kick	2-24-3	-Penalty for	.6-2-1
-Also	9-2-6	Expand.neutra zone	.2-28-2	Also	7.0	-Also	1-7-6.
Table	9-8-6.	Extending period	5-5-5	-Form. Reqmnts	.6-1-3	Illegal motion	.7-2-7
Clipping	.2-5-1	-Not extending	.3-3-4	-Also	6-1-4	illegal numbering	.7-2-5
-Also	.9-3-5	Eye Shade,,,,,,,	1-5-3c	-Out of bounds	.6-1-8	Illegal participation	9-6.
When in doubt	2-5-3	Facemask	9-4-3h	-Infraction	.6-1-2	-Types	9-6-4
Clock start	.3-4-1	Face tackling	2-20-1b	Recovery by K	.6-1-5	Illegal personal contact	46
-On ready	.3-4-2	-penalty for	9-3-4í	Fumble	.2-18	Illegal shift	.7-2-6
-On snap,	.3-4-3	Fair catch	,2-9-1	Glove specs	1-5-2b	Illegal snap	.7-2-4
-Not on 1st touching	.3-4-5	-Also,	ر رئ	Goal line	2-26-3	Megal substitut fours	3-7
Clock stopped	.3-4-4	-Blocking after sig.	.6-5-1	Handing	.2-19	-Dead ball foul	3-7(1-3)
Coin toss	.3-2-2-	-No advancement	,6-5-5	-Illegal fwd-penalty.	10-1-6a	-Live ball fouls	3-7(4-5)
Communic.Devices	φ.	-Awarded	,2-9-2	Haiftime-team return	9-8-193	-Non-player	.3-7-6
Conference-types	.2-6	-spot choices	6.54	Helmet Off opponent	9-4-3L		,
-Additional	.3-5-8	-free kick after	.6-5-4	-initiate contact with	9-4-3L		
-Coach-referee	.3-5-11	-Invalid	7-2-7	-Off runner-dead imme	4-2-2k		
Conserve time illegall.	.346	Also	.2-9-4	-cont. participate-pen.	9-6-4g		
Consulte time illegal	346			-Sit 1 play	3-5-10d		

9-4-3m .2-20-2 .2-43	94.3 34.3	.3-5-1 2-6-2	3-5(1-6)	3-5-7	.3-4-7	.6-3-1	က်မှ	, o'-'''	2.45	.9-3-7	8-8-	6-6	p.17	9-4-3g	2-16-2f	, <del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>	.8-2-2	8-6.	.3-3-3	.3-3-4			<del></del>					15		····		**********	<del></del>	
Targeting -definition Team designations Tee specs	Throw helmet	Timeouts	-Team	-Officials	Timing error correct.	Touchback	-Also,		Tripping	-Also		Unfair acts	Uniform specs	Unnecess, Rough	Unsportsmanlike foul	-Also	-On scoring play	-By non-players	Untimed Down	-Not extended		Update for '16 Rule Changes		*Note-clear and completely	white mouthpieces are now	legal.	See 1-5-1d(5)a		*Note- Clipping in FBZ is	now illegal.	See 2-17, 9-3-6 and 9-3			
4 4 6 4 4 4 4	,10-5-5 ,9-4	9-4-5,6 .9-4-5	.2-37	.2-32-13 .2-32-2	10-3-2	.8-5-2	2-38	A-44-4	4. 4	5-8-	2-14-2ab	.2-39	.9-4-8	.2-4-3	4-2-2c	4-2-2e1	2-40	7-1(2-4)	2-32-14	1-1-1	2-20-1c	9-4-3	7.5-2	.2-41-8	.2-41-9	.4-3	4-3(4-5)	4-3(1-3)	4-3(6-7)	3-2-1	2-32-15	2-41-10	: :	.2-42
Roughing	-Enforce. Spot	-Kicker/holder/snapr -Running into	Rule	Runner	-Also	Safety	Scrimmage	Octaminage Rick	-Table	Scoring	Scrimmage kick form.	Shift	Sideline interfefence	Simultaneous catch	-Dead	-Also	Snap	Snap infraction	Snapper	-Also	Spearing	-penalfy for	Spike(kill clock)	Spot of foul	Spot run ends	Spots	-Inbounds	-Out of bounds	-Designated by A	Starting period	Substitute	Suppending snot	Table-game clocktime	Tackling
.2-28-1 .2-32-10 2-16-2f	7-2-5	7-2-5b1 7-2-5b2	.2-29	241-5 Gold BK	2-30	.2-32-11	2-31-1	7-5-10	.8-2-2	.8-2-5	.10-1	.10-6	.10-5	.10-1-5	9-4-3c	2-24-7	.7-2-8	2-32	Gold BK	2-16-2h	.2-41-6	.2-34	.6-2-7	.2-41-7	9-4-1	.2-24-8		.2-35	9-6-	2-36	2-32-12	2-26-8	9-4-8	
Neutral zone Nonplayer	Numbering	-Fourth down	Out of bounds	Out of bounds spot Overtime	Participation	Passer	Passing,	rass litterielende	Penalty-scoring play	-After td	Penalty Enforcemen	-All-but-one	Special enforcement	-Half the distance	Pile on	Place kick	Plan looseball infrac	Player designations	Point Differential-	PSK foul	PSK spot	Possession	-Joint on scrim.kick	Previous spot	Punch		Pylon1-2.	Ready for play	-also	Recovery	Replaced player	Restricted area	uninten Cont official	
.7-5-13 .9-2-1	.4-2-3 .4-2-2j	.2-41-4 7-5(12,13)	.7-5-12	2-23	9-2-1b	9-4-3e	2-24-1	2-42-2.	9-3-1a	6-5-4c	.6-5-6	9-4-3j	2-32-8	.2-24-5	.6-1	.3-1	.2-26-5	.5-3	.1-3-5	.2-25	.2-32-9	.2-1-2	2-16-2d	.2-1-3	.2-33-1	.10-3-1	-2-7-2	.10-1-6	8-5-2a	1-5-1d5	17-7	2-16-2e 10-2-4		
llegal touching liegal use of hands -Eligible receiver	Inadvertant whistleBall becomes dead	Inbounds spot Ineligible pass rec	-penalty	Interception Interlocked blocking	. Also	Jump on teammate	Kick		Kick catch interference	Also	-penalty for	Kick opponent	Kicker	Kickoff	Also	Length of period	Line to gain	. LTG and measuremen	Line to gain equip	Line of scrimmage,,,	Lineman	Live ball	Live ball foul	Loose ball	Loose ball play	-Also	Loss of down	-LOD fouls,list	Momentum exception	Mouthpiece	1944 433 France or property and	Wuttiple foul,		39

### **Rules Philosophies & Interpretations**

#### Blocking/Holding

- 1. Takedowns at Point of Attack (POA) &/or in open field must be called. An obvious stretch of a jersey that occurs anywhere must be called. Key words to consider are: Was there restriction? Did the blocker turn the defender? Was there an unnatural movement by the defender? And most importantly, consider advantage/disadvantage at the POA. Once the blocker's "feet are beat" his actions become suspect while engaged.
- 2. If there is offensive or defensive holding but the action occurs clearly away from the POA & has no (or could have no) effect on the play, holding should not be called since the officials are concentrating on the POA.
- 3. Rarely should you have a hold on a double team block unless there is a takedown or the defender breaks the double team & is pulled back.
- 4. For blocks in the back, initial approach angle, contact & reason for contact must be seen in order to call a foul. Force of the block could be slight & still be a foul if the contact propels the player past the runner. Player who is blocked is "face down" it is usually a foul. Note: On kick plays memorize the RT color, & then watch for a RT player chasing a KT player he becomes suspect. A hand in the back is not necessarily a foul.
- 5. Officials must be 100% sure that a foul occurred in the EZ before ruling safety, if accepted.
- 6. A large number of holding fouls begin at or near the LOS on pass plays. Know where the hold started so the foul can be enforced correctly.

#### Catch

- 1. If in doubt, the pass is incomplete vs. the ball caught & then fumbled. The act of making a catch is a process that includes maintaining firm control of the ball throughout the entire act. The receiver must have the opportunity to perform a second act (i.e. dive to pylon, possess & turn up field) in order to rule catch.
- 2. If a player has control of the ball but, in the act of making the catch, comes to the ground & loses control, it is incomplete. The catch must survive the contact with the ground.
- 3. If he is upright & immediately hit, he must maintain control of the ball or it is an incomplete pass.

#### **Kicks**

- 1. Punt It is roughing the kicker if there is significant &/or substantial contact to the plant leg, whether or not the leg is on the ground. All other contact shall be judged based on the severity of contact & the potential for injury.
- 2. Punt or kickoff A receiver moving into position or in position to make a catch must not be contacted or diverted until he has had an opportunity to complete the catch. Contact is not necessary for kick catching interference as the receiver must be given an "unhindered opportunity" to make the catch.
- 3. Holder: If his knee is on the ground he can hold for the kick. In order to run, pass, or hand the ball off both knees must be clearly off the ground.

#### Line of Scrimmage

- 1. Officials will work to keep offensive linemen legal & will call only when it is obvious. If the offensive lineman is lined up with his head clearly behind the snapper's waistline, a foul must be called without a warning. Wings If your lineman is in the "gray area" warn him by stating to him, "you need to move up, you are close". Ask the R for help since he is closer to them. Procedure: Once either Wing has warned the team once, the next time it is a foul no more warnings. Be sure & tell the HC that his lineman (specify a player's number) has been told to "move up". Wings communicate with each other.
- 2. Don't be technical on an A receiver/slot back in determining if he is off LOS.
- 3. When calling an ineligible downfield you must see the player more than 2 yards downfield at the time the ball is released. If you do not know the exact location of the downfield player when the ball is released, do not call it.\_
- 4. A quick or abrupt movement by any A Player is a false start, regardless of the down. If, in your opinion, the movement simulates the start of the play, rule false start. All shifts must be done with a smooth & rhythmic movement.

#### Line-to-Gain

1. Ball is placed on an YL after a COP, or a run/pass resulting in a first down. Otherwise, the ball is placed on the FWP spot.

#### Passing

- 1. R states "Ball's Away" slowly. If the passer is hit afterwards it is roughing the passer. It there is a vicious hit such as targeting or spearing the "Ball's Away" statement does not apply.
- 2. When the ball is controlled in the passer's hand & his arm is moving forward when he is tackled, rule incomplete pass, if the ball becomes loose.

## Pass Interference - Defensive & Offensive - (NO Foul)

Actions that do not constitute Plare:

- When there are tangled feet & both players are looking back at the ball or neither player is looking back at the ball.
- 2. When either player is making a legitimate play on the ball & there is shoulder to shoulder contact with players coming from different angles.
- 3. When play is so close to the touching of the pass we refer to it as "bangbang".
- 4. When a defender places a hand on a receiver's body, but does not initiate a turn, twist, pull, or push.
- 5. When contact is made by an eligible player of A or B after the ball has been touched/tipped by any player.
- 6. If an opponent raises his hand & places it between or in front of the receiver's hands or does not have a prolonged act of blocking the vision in front of the receiver's face.

#### Pass Interference - Defensive (DPI) - Foul

Actions that constitute DPI are:

- 1. Early **Not Playing the Ball Contact** by a defender provided the contact results in some form of restriction or physical contact. This includes tangled feet if the defender is not playing the ball.
- 2. Play through the Back of a receiver in an attempt to make a play on the ball.
- 3. **Grab & Restrict** a receiver's arm(s) or body in such a manner that restricts his opportunity to catch a pass.
- 4. Extending an arm across the body (Arm Bar) of a receiver thus restricting his ability to catch a pass, regardless of the fact of whether or not the defender is looking for the ball.
- 5. Cut Off or riding the receiver out of the path to the ball by making contact with him without playing the ball.
- 6. Hook & Restrict a receiver in an attempt to get to the ball in such a manner that causes the receiver's body to turn prior to the ball arriving.
- 7. **Face Guarding** is the only noncontact DPI foul. It must be a prolonged act of blocking the vision in front of the receiver's face while not playing the ball.

#### Pass Interference - Offensive (OPI) - Foul

Actions that constitute OPI are:

- 1. Creating Separation by initiating contact with a defender such as shoving or pushing off in an attempt to catch a pass. This includes tangled feet if the player is not playing the ball.
- 2. Driving Thru a defender who has established a position on the field.
- 3. **Pick Play:** A receiver blocking (contact) a defender downfield to prevent him from making a play on a ball thrown to another receiver in same area.
- 4. Face Guarding. (See #7 in DPI above)

#### Personal Foul

- 1. Contact with the helmet <u>in an attempt to punish</u> is a foul & may result in a DQ.
- 2. A player chasing the runner that is legally blocked by an opponent out of his visual field is not a defenseless player if he is within 10-15 YDS of the runner.
- 3. Forceful contact with an arm, shoulder or helmet on a player above the shoulders is a personal foul for targeting & may result in a DQ. Examples include: QB in passing posture or sliding; kicker in the act of making a kick; receiver in the act of making a catch; & player with no helmet.
- 4. When a pass is thrown clearly over the receiver's outstretched arms & he relaxes, he becomes a defenseless player. Any "free shot" must be called.
- 5. If runner's helmet comes off the ball is dead. If runner is hit & fumbles simultaneously with losing his helmet the ball is dead.
- 6. A 5 yard facemask foul is rare, but if it is a grasp & let go, it can be called. Most of these fouls are 15YD penalties.
- 7. If action is deemed to be "fighting", then the player must be DQ.
- 8. If legal contact occurs before the runner has a foot down OOB it will be considered a legal hit & not a late hit OOB, (Revised 5/10/16)

Thanks to the Hawaii FB Officials Assoc. for permission to use some of their content.

## **Safety Policies**

6/1/16

The following are OHSAA Safety Policies:

## Ambulance/EMT:

OHSAA Regulations recommend that an EMT be on site. If a HC voices a concern, refer them to Game Management

#### Artificial Limb:

Artificial limb must be submitted to OHSAA for approval with photos of the limb, both padded & with no padding. A letter from a physician may be submitted when approval is requested. If the artificial limb is part of the hand, lower arm or entire arm, a ½" thickness of slow release foam must cover the artificial limb before approval is granted by the **U**. Team must provide a copy of the OHSAA Approval Letter to the officials before each game. **Crew Will give the letter back to the HC**.

#### Casts:

Letters are NO longer required for casts. However, they need to be padded per NFHS Rule.

#### Concussion:

Review NFHS Rule 3-5 (Concussions) & Suggested Guidelines for Management of Concussion. When a player is hurt an official must check with the HC and/or Medical Professional regarding type of injury. Once officials determine that a player exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion, the R & Wing will simultaneously notify the HC of the player's removal from the game. The player may NOT reenter the game. Injured player Rules apply. If a suspended game continues past midnight the concussed player may not reenter the game. Concussed players may not play again until they have completed the Return to Play Protocol. Crew will record the player's name, #, & team. After the game the R will complete an OHSAA Concussion Report (OHSAA.ORG, select officiating, select Directory of Information) for ALL players removed from the game for a Suspected Concussion. He will email/scan the Concussion Report to OHSAA. Note: If an Ohio team plays a game in another state, this Rule applies to the Ohio team. If an out of state team plays a game in Ohio, this Rule applies. This is because it is an Ohio State Law.

NOTE: For all injuries, stop the game, & if medical personnel are present, let them administer aid.

#### Curfew:

- 1. Weeks 1-10: The decision is made by Administrative Representatives of competing schools. Athletic contests can be started at any time. Municipal/city curfew laws take precedence.
- 2. Weeks 11-15 (State Tournament): Contests cannot begin after 11PM. A Suspended Game can be continued after 11PM. Municipal/city curfew laws take precedence.

#### Game is Delayed:

If an injury, HC/R conference, facility situation, or other issue occurs during the game. & delays it for more than 10 minutes, there may be a 3 minute warm up if one or both HC/s request it. Check & communicate with both HC/s. The warm up is optional.

#### **Heat & Humidity:**

- 1. Day before the Game: All officials should hydrate properly.
- 2. <u>Game Day:</u> Prior to game discuss with AD/Game Management/Medical Personnel (MP)/HC the weather & thoughts about need to take water breaks.
- 3. Once the Game Starts: It is highly recommended that water breaks be taken only during Team TO's, & after scores & COP. However, if there are extraordinary weather conditions, water breaks can be taken during an Official's TO. However, do NOT stop a team's momentum in order to take an Official's TO. Extend these breaks as long as needed. More water breaks may be needed during day games or the first half of a night game. Crew needs to rehydrate with water & sports drinks as well during these breaks. Wings communicate often with HC & MP regarding their thoughts for future water breaks. Again discuss with HC & MP at half time about conditions for the second half & water breaks. Observe & report obvious signs like players cramping.

#### Heat Index:

Officials are not involved in assessment or decision to postpone or cancel a game or scrimmage due to heat & humidity. This is the responsibility of the Host School to know & assess the Heat Index. Games, scrimmages, & practices will be postponed if Heat Index is above allowable levels as indicated in the OHSAA Heat Index Regulations.

## Lightning and/or Thunder (Inclement Weather):

- 1. Policy: This Policy is different than NFHS FB Rules Book Policy. OHSAA Policy states: "When thunder is heard or a lightning is seen, suspend play & take shelter immediately. Once play has been suspended, wait at least 30 minutes after the last thunder is heard or lightning flash is witnessed prior to resuming play." All personnel, athletes, & spectators should evacuate to available safe structures or shelters. THERE ARE NO EXCEPTIONS.
- 2. Consequences If Crew Does Not Follow This Policy: Officials could be suspended a maximum of 2 years for the regular season & the OHSAA State FB Tournaments (Weeks 1-15).
- 3. Officiating Mechanics: Contact the AD/Game Management upon arrival at the site if inclement weather is forecast. Enlist their help. During the meeting with HC's prior to game time, ask them for assistance with seeing lightning or hearing thunder. When lightning/thunder happens STOP THE GAME after the DB. Communicate with the HT & VT HC's regarding your decision & this Policy. During the 30 minute stoppage, monitor the weather.
- 4. <u>Coin Toss</u>: Prior to the KO for the 1<sup>st</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> quarters if the game is suspended for inclement weather, the Crew will again ask the HT & VT Captains if they want to change their options.
- 5. Crew Responsibilities Record Game Information ASAP: R record HT & VT Score, HT & VT TO's Used, & Coin Toss Choices; U record Team in Possession, Goal Defended, & Location of Ball Between the Hash Marks; HL record VT SL Warnings, Down, Distance, Ball Spot & Clip; LI record HT SL Warnings, Quarter or Half Time, Game Clock Time, Game Clock Status, & Time Lightning/Thunder occurred; BJ record Player Concussions, DQ's, & UNSC (Team & Player #). NOTE: HT is usually on PB SL & VT is Opposite the PB.
- 6. Suspended Game Responsibilities: R records all Game Info from Crew on 1 document (see form later in this section) & makes 2 copies one for R to keep & one for AD. (This will be needed if the game is postponed until the next day & no one from Crew returns). Li times the initial 30 minutes & additional 30 minutes. R will coordinate with AD's/HC's regarding interrupted time

- remaining, possible restart, or postponement until a later date. The HT & VT HC's & AD's will make the decision regarding the date & time the game will be rescheduled.
- 7. Warm up Time When Teams Arrive Back on Field: R & U will meet with both HC's to determine length (Maximum 10 Minutes) of the warm-up period. U will ask Timer to place 10 minutes on the Scoreboard GC, unless both HC's have agreed to shorten the 10 minutes.
- 8. <u>Halftime:</u> It can be eliminated, kept at 20 minutes, or any time less than 20 minutes as long as HC's & AD's agree. If some halftime length is agreed to, there is a Mandatory 3 minute warm up. Elimination or reduction could be due to the game being suspended in the 2nd quarter.
- 9. <u>Curfew Policies:</u> See Above.
- 10. <u>Game Postponed Until a Later Date</u>: Teams will keep their recorded game tapes or DVD's & can review them. Returning Crew (Split or New) will confirm Game Info with themselves, AD, Timer, Scoreboard Operator (if different), H & V HC, & Chain Crew. U will check & remark game balls. Crew will meet with both HC's & verify that the players are legally equipped. NOTE: New Crew: Contact AD for Game Info supplied by R prior to leaving the earlier Postponed Game.
- 11. <u>Additional OHSAA Policy</u>: Game will be played to conclusion unless both teams agree to end game & score stands.
- 12. <u>Prior to Officials Authority</u>: If officials observe teams warming up with lightning and/or thunder occurring prior to their authority (35 minutes before game time), report to the OHSAA Office.

#### Medical Hardware:

Unless specific rules code stipulates otherwise, athletes in sports of a collision/contact nature should not be permitted to wear devices such as insulin pumps, heart monitoring equipment &/or other diagnostic or therapeutic appliances while participating in interscholastic contests. However, in the event that a physician requires a student-athlete to wear a therapeutic device during competition, such medical necessity shall be specified in writing & signed by the prescribing physician & the device shall be padded & securely attached to the player's body underneath the uniform. The medical statement shall be shown to the R prior to the athlete's being permitted to participate. The HC must present the letter to the R prior to the game at the Pre-Game Meeting.

#### Player's Uniform Changes:

If something regarding the uniform is changed due to medical or religious reasons & the athlete is doing something not permitted by NFHS Rule, MAKE the Head Coach show the **Crew** a letter signed by an OHSAA Staff Member. A Medical Professional's note is not acceptable.

## Tornado Watch or Warning (Inclement Weather):

A watch indicates conditions are favorable for severe weather to develop in area. Please have a heightened awareness & communicate it. A warning indicates severe weather has been reported in area & everyone should take proper precautions. Suspend game immediately & move to a proper shelter as directed by Game Management. Game will remain suspended until warning has expired. See lightning/thunder policy above for warm up policy.

## OHSAA CONCUSSION REPORT

5	Student's Name_			Date S	port					
	School Nam	eC	omment			* * *				
I	Level of Game	(Circle One) 7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>	$9^{ ext{th}}$	JV	Varsity				
F										
		INCLEMENT WE								
R	Score: H	V	TO's Remain	ning:	V					
	Coin Toss:	H V	Defer	Recei						
U	Team In Pos Ball Position	session: H 🗆		V 3P □ Right Hash	□ Right G	P □				
HL:	Down:	Dista		Dead Ball Varning D 5 Yard D						
LJ										
ВJ	Player DQ's:	Home Number(s): Visitor Number(s)	44.550 P.M. Ly )							
<u></u>	UNS Issued:	Home Number(s): Visitor Number(s)		H	ome Coach	h				
Note:	is available	rd info from crew imp for the game postpon Member is responsib	ed to another da	ay, give info to the A	ea. If no one D.	from the Crew				

## State Requirements (OHSAA Handbook for Officials) (6/7/16)

#### 1. Regular Season Officials Requirements

- A. High School Varsity Class 1 OHSAA football only (Need OHSAA Permission to use a Class 2 Official).
- B. High School Reserve/Junior Varsity Class 1 or 2 OHSAA football only.
- C. Freshman/7-8th grade One OHSAA Class 1, 2, or 3 official is required. Additional officials shall be OHSAA Class 1, 2 or 3 officials or officials in training.
- D. Must attend 4 local rules meetings & 1 State Rules Interpretation (SRI) meeting.

## 2. Tournament Officials Minimum Requirements (Regional & State Levels)

- A. Must hold a current OHSAA Class 1 Football Permit. Must have been an OHSAA Class 1 Football Official in good standing the previous year.
- B. Must officiate during current football season a minimum of 8 varsity high school games at the position for which applying. Must have officiated a minimum of 8 varsity high school football games during the previous season. All games must be 5 man crews only & officiated in Ohio or a state that borders Ohio.
- C. Must complete an online questionnaire through MYOHSAA.
- D. Must be physically fit, possess an athletic appearance, and be able to read/react and flow with the play.
- E. Must use the OHSAA Gold Book Approved Standards for FB Officiating Mechanics.
- F. Must arrive at the game site 1.5 hours before the scheduled game time & dressed in a professional manner (no blue jeans, no t-shirt, & no non OHSAA baseball hat)
- G. An official may not work a Championship Football Game in successive years.

#### 3. Required Uniform

- A. Uniforms must be clean, fit properly, & neat.
- B. Black and white vertically striped, long or short-sleeved knit shirt, with 2 -1/4" stripe, a black knit cuff & Byron collar. All officials shall wear the same type shirt. The shirt must have the OHSAA Red Logo located above the chest pocket & the USA Flag on the left sleeve & be "dye Sublimated" into the fabric. Effective 2016 all officials must wear the 2 -1/4" stripe shirt for varsity games only. For sub varsity games officials can wear either the 1" or 2-1/4" wide stripe shirts.
- C. Black football officiating pants with white stripes & black socks. Black shorts & black ankle socks may be worn as an alternate uniform during sub varsity games. Black shorts shall be worn for all scrimmages. Black shorts with belt loops, black belt, either a short sleeve or long sleeve shirt, and black ankle socks may be worn for varsity games played during Weeks 1 10.
- D. Predominately black football shoes with black laces. Shoes should be shined before each game.
- E. Black baseball cap with white piping, except for the R who shall wear a white cap.
- F. Black leather belt, 1 %" to 2" wide, with a plain buckle.
- G. A black jacket or black & white striped jacket may be worn prior to the game. Effective **2016** the black & white striped jacket may not be worn during varsity games.
- H. Blue bean bag (Exception: White bean bags may be used on a blue football turf field).
- I. Gold penalty flag(s) with a black ball located in the front.
- J. The U shall use an all-black towel,
- K. Jewelry shall not be worn except for a wedding band and/or a medical alert necklace or bracelet. A religious medallion which is not visible is permitted.
- L. Black plastic whistle (Exception: Pink whistles may be used during October regular season games only if all crew members have them).

# Time Schedule for Varsity Contests ~ 5 Man Crew (6/1/16)

Prepared by Bruce L. Maurer, PhD; Director of Football Officials Development (DOD)

## Prior to Kickoff (KO)

7:30PM	TIME ON CLOCK & CREW DUTIES	7:00PM
6:00PM	Crew: Arrive on site; check-in with Game Mgmt. Need to discuss inclement Weather Policy?	5:30PM
6:30PM	Timer(s) to Officials LR & discuss Point Differential Rule with LJ (GC) & BJ (PC - If Used)	6:00PM
6:30PM	HT & VT Teams: Bring FB's to Officials Locker Room; U: Approve FB's for HT & VT & return them	6:00PM
6:49PM	U: Ask Crew - Flags? Bean bags? Whistles? Coin? Rule/Case/Gold Book (Before leaving LR)	6:19PM
6:50PM	Crew: Walk to field & talk with first available HC	6:20PM
	Note 1: Time may be earlier due to distance from LR to field	
6:55PM	Crew: Introductions: Look HC in the eye; firm handshake; smile; complete the following:	6:25PM
	R: Players legally equipped? Captain's #'s; Kicker - Right or Left Footed; Unbalanced Line?	
	Note 2: Storms forecasted? Ask HC's for help to see lightning & hear thunder	
	HL (VT)/LI (HT): Give Lineup Card; Get back coach's name; unusual plays; get player's # who fouled;	
	Unusual situations/Pen. Enf.; KO Depth by KT; will change if VT is on PB SL & HT is opposite PB	
	R: Team box emphasis; players on the edge- UNS- do you want to take care of it? Good luck!	
6:59PM	Timer: Put 30 Minutes on GC & Start It So Time Expires 1 Minute Before KO	6:29PM
7:05PM	LI/BJ (HT) & U/HL (VT): Secure a maximum of 4 captains/team	6:35PM
7:10PM	R: Flip coin	6:40PM
7:12PM	Crew: Record toss winner & options selected	6:42PM
7:13PM	Crew: Inspect field; talk with Ball Persons; stretch & loosen up	6:43PM
7:14PM	Both Teams Clear the Field; R: Inquire & Introduce yourself to any Medical Professionals on site	6:44PM
7:15PM	HL: Talk to Chain Crew-NO Stripes; Website has Info; LI: See Timer if not in LR - Point Differential	6:45PM
7:28PM	Crew: Meet at 50 YL (center of field); BJ brings FB	6:58PM
7:29PM	Crew: Jog to KO IP	6:59PM
	Note 3: LI steps on field with stop sign signal until GC is set to 12:00 for 1st qt. then tells R	
7:30PM	R: Sound Whistle for KO	7:00PM

## Halftime (20m + 3m)

## TIME ON CLOCK

20m	R: Wind GC for 20 minute halftime; crew sets watches; LI times the halftime	20m
5m	LJ/BJ (HT) & U/HL (VT): Leave Official's LR for Team LR's	5m
4m	LI/BJ (HT) & U/HL (VT): Inform HC Only of remaining time for half time	4m
0m	LJ/BJ (HT) & U/HL (VT): Escort Both teams to arrive on the field	0m
3m	R: Wind GC for 3 minute warm up	3m
3m	BJ (HT) & U (VT): Bring 1 captain to 50 YL Center of Field; R: Secure options & signal PB	3m
2m	Crew: Meet at 50 YL (center of field)	2m
1m	Crew: Jog to KO IP; Crew sound whistles to get teams ready for 2nd half KO	1m
	Note 4: U steps on field at numbers with stop sign signal until GC is set to 12:00 for 3rd qt. then tells R	
0m	R: Sound Whistle for KO	Om
	Note 5: LJ will time all 30 minute intervals for an interrupted game due to thunder & lightning	
,	Note 6: Time may be earlier due to walking distance from LR to the field	
	Note 7: Playoffs: 1st game-arrives 2 hours before KO. Subsequent games-arrive 1 hour 30 minutes prior to KO.	

# Time Schedule for Sub Varsity Games-- 4 Man Crew (6/1/16)

Prepared by Bruce L. Maurer, PhD; Director of Football Officials Development (DOD)

## Prior to Kickoff (KO) 5:00PM TIME ON CLOCK & CREW DUTIES

.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	TIME ON CLOCK & CREW DUTIES	9:00AM
4:40PM	Crew: Arrive on site; check with Game Management; Need to discuss Inciement Weather Policy?	8:40AM
4:41PM	Crew: Walk to field & talk with first available HC; Crew Introductions: Look coach in the eye;	8:41AM
	firm handshake; smile; complete the following: R: Players legally equipped; ineligible player's # in	
	an eligible position; captain's #'s; Kicker Right or Left Footed; Unbalanced Line?	
	Note 1: Storms forecasted? Ask for coaches help to see lightning/hear thunder	
	HL (VT)/LJ (HT): Get back coach's name; unusual plays; get player's # who committed foul:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u> </u>	explain unusual situations/penalty enforcement; will change if VT is on PB SI. & HT is opposite PB	
	R: Team box emphasis; players on the edge- UNS- do you want to take care of it? Good luck!	
4:50PM	LI (HT) & U/HL (VT): Secure captains; max 4 captains/team	8:50AM
4:51PM	R: Flip coin	8:51AM
4:52PM	Crew: Record toss winner & options selected	8:52AM
4:53PM	R: Inquire & Introduce yourself to any Medical Professionals on site; U: Check FB's	8:53AM
4:53PM	LJ: Inspect Field & Talk to Timer Point Differential; HL: Talk with Chain Crew (NO Stripes)	8:53AM
4:58PM	Crew: Meet at 50 YL (center of field) 9th/JV	8:58AM
4:59PM	Crew: Meet at 35 YL & Place FB 7th/8th; Jog to KO IP 9th/JV	8:59AM
5:00PM	R: Sound whistle for Snap (7th/8th) or KO (9th/JV)	9:00AM

## Halftime (10m + 3m)

## TIME ON CLOCK

10m	R: Wind GC for 10 minute halftime; Crew set watches; LI time halftime	10m
5m	☐ (HT) & U (VT): Go to team LR's or team meeting on/near the field	5m
4m	LI (HT) & U (VT): Inform HC Only of remaining time for half time	4m
0m	If the teams leave the field, the LI (HT) & U (VT) will escort them to the field	0m
3m	R: Wind GC for 3 minute warm-up	3m
3m	LJ(HT) & U (VT): Bring 1 captain to 50 YL Center of Field; R Secure options & signal PB	3m
2m	Crew: Meet at 50 YL Center of Field (9th/JV only)	2m
1m	Crew: Meet at 35 YL & Place FB (7th/8th); Jog to KO IP (9th/JV)	1m
0m	R: Sound whistle for Snap (7th/8th) or KO (9th/JV)	0m
	Note 2: U will time all 30 minute intervals for an interrupted game due to thunder & lightning	-   0111
	Note 3: Time may be earlier due to walking distance from LR to field	

## **Unsportsmanlike Conduct (UNS)**

#### 6/1/16

- 1. Player behavior in committing UNS Fouls continues to be an OHSAA Point of Emphasis. Recognizing these fouls & enforcing the penalties is <u>Imperative</u>. These Guidelines will help officials with their decision: A. Do Not be overly technical in applying this Rule. B. Do allow for brief spontaneous emotional reactions at the end of a play. C. Beyond brief, spontaneous bursts of energy, officials must flag acts that are clearly prolonged, self-congratulatory, self-glorification, excessive, demeaning & taunting opponents, & that make a mockery of the game.
- 2. When a situation arises, officials should take a deep breath & assess. Let Your Mind Digest What Your Eyes Have Seen. It is okay to discuss the act as a Crew & then penalize or pick up a flag already thrown by an official.
- 3. NFHS UNS Rules (9-5): No player shall act in an UNS manner once officials assume authority for game.
- 4. Officials are expected to make no derogatory comments regarding players, coaches, or schools. Coaches are expected to make no derogatory comments about officials or opponents. Failure to follow this OHSAA Regulation will result in disciplinary action.
- 5. It will never be possible to write what should & should not be allowed. However, the following <u>List of Specifically Prohibited Acts</u> is intended to assist officials with making their decision:

#### 6. LEGAL ACTS:

true.

- A. Celebration done in the team box area
- B. High Fives with teammate (s) in the field of play or the EZ
- C. Jump & chest bumping with a teammate (s) in the field of play or the EZ
- D. Spontaneous celebration shared with a teammate (s) in the field or play or the EZ
- E. Simulate a cross on his chest after crossing the GL
- F. Point to the sky after crossing the GL
- G. Pray for a short time after crossing the GL
- H. Raise teammate in the air after crossing the GL
- 1. Raising the ball in the air after crossing the GL
- J. Players spontaneously jumping on a pile after crossing the GL (not non players from bench)
- K. Runner pointing his hand/arm in the air Indicating #1 before crossing GL.

## 7. ILLEGAL ACTS (UNS - Always a Dead Ball Foul):

- A. Using profanity, insulting, or vulgar language or gestures
- B. Derogatory remarks directed at the officials
- C. Signals to the official that he needs to throw his flag
- D. One or more back or forward flips
- E. Celebrating by dancing in EZ or dancing/stomping on HT Field Logo (s)
- F. Spike FB into ground (unless done legally under center to conserve time)
- G. Dunk or attempt to dunk FB over cross bar
- H. Hand or throw FB to or at an opponent
- I. Intentionally fail to place FB on the ground or immediately return it to a nearby official
- J. Kick, throw, spin, or carry FB any distance that requires an official to retrieve it
- K. Kick FB other than a legal kick

- L. Make hand gestures such as choking, throat slashing, pounding one's chest, pointing to his bicep, or pointing a finger like a gun
- M. Bow at waist after a good play; signal 1st down; or a hand salute to opponent or spectators
- N. Strike a pose that is meant to incite or taunt the opponents and/or spectators
- O. Point back or wave at an opponent
- P. Dive into EZ or alter stride as he approaches his GL with no opponents nearby (unless he is attempting to Consume Time late in either half)
- Q. Go into the stands to Interact with spectators
- R. Use gestures to encourage the crowd when they begin booing officials
- S. Teammates engaged in a choreographed display of celebration
- T. Stand over player just tackled & point or try to intimidate him
- U. Repeatedly punch GP Pad with the opponents school name on it
- V. Runner turns & taunts an opponent before or as he crosses the GL
- W. Scoring player throws make believe bowling ball & several teammates fall to the ground
- X. Posing as if taking a selfie of himself or with a teammate (s)
- 8. Record Player's number on your game card. Inform the HC that if his player receives a second UNS, he will be DQ from remainder of the game. Communicate player's number to the Crew.

#### **GAME CONTROL TOOLS**

- 1. The Quiet Word: Typically used for mild infringements. Communicate with a player (s) or coach regarding a player "moving to the edge". If players are getting "out of hand", HC's want to know so they can take care of it. Remember, we are there to Defuse Rather Than Incite.
- 2. The Public Warning: Stronger tactic for situations where behavior is pronounced & apparent to others. When warning a player in front of his teammates, if later we have to penalize, the teammates know that he "crossed the line". They expect the official to penalize.
- 3. The Captain's Meeting: Form of a public warning where both teams demonstrate inappropriate behavior which is apparent. The game is getting "chippy". Our responsibility is to stop this behavior & regain control of the game. We have seen the "looks" of a player staring at an opponent as he walks off the field or back to the huddle. Similar with the slight push after the whistle or talking to an opponent after a play. Gain control early & then let the game play itself.
- 4. The Intermediate Penalty: A UNS (noncontact) or personal foul (contact) penalty with a direct consequence. Penalize when necessary & communicate with the coach and/or player regarding why the foul was called. Communicate with your crew regarding team, player's # or coach.
- 5. The Ejection: The last course of action available is necessary when that individual's behavior has gone well beyond the limits of acceptable conduct and is compromising the game. Two UNS fouls called on a specific player or specific nonplayer (coach, trainer, other attendant, substitute or replaced player) is DQ from the game. Remember, UNS fouls are **NON CONTACT FOULS** only!!!!
- 6. Summary: Officials take responsibility for the game when they sign their contract & step on the field. It is imperative that we see, hear, & feel those signs or indicators when a game moves beyond being the standard sportsmanlike contest that is played fairly by both teams. The above mentioned Game Control Tools do not have to be followed in the order indicated. If necessary, you can move down the list immediately & penalize. Game Management is an important requisite of becoming an excellent official. These Tools, their use & application in game situations, carry equal weight with rules knowledge, rules application, judgment, & mechanics.
- 7. Note: The author would like to thank David Gaskins, ECU, for his tremendous help with this section.

## Working Effectively with Coaches: Cooperation, Not Confrontation

From my side (HC) of the SL:

- 1. Be respectful at all times. Even if a coach is losing his mind, you stay respectful. (Editor's Note: Don't take coaches comments personally, but address his comments. Apply appropriate warnings &/or penalties when warranted.) This is his JOB, his livelihood, & how he puts food on his table. For you, it's an avocation. He has an extremely vested interest in the outcome, & isn't going to see things in an unbiased manner. Stay above it; you don't care who wins or loses. It's great to say we are all there for the same thing, for the kids to have a fair game & learn. That simply isn't true. He wants the kids to learn something & WiN. So right away, you have different goals.
- 2. Introduce yourself to him before the game. Know his name, & use it. Make sure he knows your name. You call him "Coach Smith", he can call you "Ed". Smile! I'm not saying you have to tell jokes, but there is nothing worse than an official who won't smile, laugh, or show a human side. Have a little fun while being out there. Let him know you appreciate being asked to work his game & to be there, & show that you enjoy being there. Be excited. If you treat it like a burden you have to get through, that's exactly what it will become. To paraphrase from another sport, a bad night on the FB field beats a good day at the office anytime.
- 3. Ask for his help, don't demand it. Ask, don't tell, him to help you keep the SL clear so you can safely call the game. Let him know you are trying to stay out of the way of the players, not demanding space just because it's "yours". Just listen to these 2 statements:
- A. Coach, you need to stay out of the restricted area because that area is for the officials.
- B. Coach, could you help us keep the restricted area clear so we can work off the field & stay out of the way of your players? The first one creates <u>confrontation</u> that isn't necessary. The second creates <u>cooperation</u>, & explains why that's important, with a benefit for him.
- 4. If staff is being cooperative, keeping players back, & staying out of your way then: A. Thank them; B. Don't worry about technical violations between plays when it isn't as important, such as more than 3 coaches in the restricted area, or a coach stepping 2 yards on field to signal a play (in other words, pick your battles). If they are out of your way when it's important, then it's a good night.
- 5. If an assistant is being a "challenge", tell the HC, & give him the first chance to take care of it. If the assistant is being respectful & asks a question, answer him. Don't play the "I only talk to HC card as long as everyone is respectful.
- 6. If there is a get back coach, & there should be, know him & use him. The HC has 47 things going on at the same time. Listening to you isn't going to be his priority. For the get back coach, listening to you should be his priority.
- 7. Know Game Management Personnel & use them. Believe me; the HC doesn't care if a photographer is too close to the SL down by the GL. And it's not his problem, that's a game management issue. Don't bother the HC with it, contact the Game Manager. (5/11/16)

Cooperation, not confrontation!

Written by: Joe Sturniolo,

NOTE: Parts of article are paraphrased for language. Editor's Note: Comments by Beau & Bruce

## **WOW!!** Just How BIG is Ohio HS FB

78,000 Student Athletes Play OHSAA FB in Ohio

1.3 Million Fans Watch HS FB Every Friday Night

724 High Schools Play FB in Ohio

676 Junior High Teams Play FB in Ohio

\$4.2M OHSAA State FB Tournaments Yearly Income

3,351 Licensed OHSAA FB Officials

165 OHSAA FB Observers

## Just How BIG is HS FB in the USA

1,114,253 Student Athletes Play FB in the USA

FB is the # 1 Participatory HS Sport in the USA

1,698 Girls Play HS FB

School Year for Data: 2014

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR LOVE & PASSION FOR FOOTBALL OFFICIATING: Teaching, Mentoring & Team Work (Together Everyone Achieves More!)